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The North Carolinian.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
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Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business and promptly executes
WEDDING CARDS, POSTERS,
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Colonel A. Andrews of San Francisco is the richest pensioner in the United States, being worth something like $4,500,000. He is a veteran of the Mexican war and pays over his monthly stipend from Uncle Sam to a needy veteran who receives no pension.

The estimated corn crop of 1887 in this country is about 1,300,000,000 bushels. The seven corn surplus states, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Iowa, Kansas and Nebraska, have during the last seven years produced an average within a small fraction of 1,000,000,000 bushels annually. This year all these states have suffered severely from drought.

The Texas Live Stock Journal says the general average in shrinkage of a steer going from Texas to Chicago is 100 pounds. The state furnishes an average of 400,000 steers, which makes a shrinkage of 40,000,000 pounds, or, as the average weight of a steer is 850 pounds, 47,059 head.

The new, the universal language, known as Volapuk, may never come into general use, but two gentlemen who have had the privilege of hearing it spoken emphatically testify to its irresistible melody. One says, so "London Figaro" reports, that it sounds "like double Dutch spoken by a Choctaw Indian suffering from a chronic croup," while the other thinks that it breaks upon the ravished ear like the music made "by a Welchman trying to cough in modern Greek."

An American gentleman who has recently traveled through Japan, says that the Japanese will in a few years be the greatest railroad builders of the world. As yet there are only 370 miles of railroad in Japan, but many roads are projected. The Japanese are good railroad patrons: for even when they have no business to transact they will ride back and forth on the railroad until they have spent their last cent. And the beggars in the large towns nearly always spend the money which they get on a railroad trip.

Very few people on this side of the Atlantic have any idea of how much is being done in Europe in the study of the food and nutrition of man. In the laboratories of the great universities, especially in Germany, experimental researches are being carried on which are really remarkable. Some of the most ingenious and costly apparatus, and the painstaking investigation which modern science employs are devoted to finding out how the body is nourished and how food works. Experiments are made with animals of many kinds, and with human beings also. The experimenters put a man inside the respiration apparatus and weigh and measure and analyze not only his food and drink, but all the products given off from his body, including even the air he breathes.—[Times.

A perfecting press, such as most leading newspapers are printed on, is an expensive and intricate piece of machinery. The cost runs up among the thousands of dollars and it consists of many delicate parts nicely adjusted. At the same time it exerts a tremendous mechanical force when in operation, and is not a thing to be trifled with. Imagine the sensations of a leading New York publisher one day recently, when he saw an iron wrench go crashing through his press, following the path designed for a single thickness of paper. It was the fault of a careless pressman, who had started the machine without removing the wrench, which he had been using. In an instant, so rapid is the motion of these presses, cylinders were broken, wheels twisted out of shape, thousands of dollars of damage done and, most aggravating of all, the wrench came out uninjured.

T. C. Crawford writes thus from London to the New York World of suffering American workmen who have sought employment in Europe:

There is a large number of foolish Americans, who are continually coming to Europe to seek work. I hear most touching stories of want and suffering among people of this class. Consul General Waller said the other day that he had heard of more pitiable cases of suffering since his occupancy of office than he had ever heard of before in his life. The fact cannot be too widely published that Europe is no place for American workingmen of any class. If they come over here with positions secured in advance they still run the risk of being exposed in the end to poverty and distress. Once their places are lost it seems almost impossible for them to get a foothold again. * * * The competition in Europe among the workingmen is so fierce and the wages are so low in comparison with those in our country that it is hard to understand how any intelligent workingman would venture to come here without careful investigation. There are thousands of men in London out of work. For every vacancy there are hundreds and hundreds of applications. For three or four dollars a week you can command the services of a university undergraduate. Trafalgar square every night is filled with poor men and women who have no homes. They fill the benches, and in one of the lower corners, sheltered from the wind, they lie upon the hard pavement stretched out in long lines, two or three hundred in number. The majority of these people are tramps and vagrants, but there is a large percentage of well-educated and skillful workmen among this army of outcasts."

Joy and Sorrow.

Somebody's heart is gay,
And somebody's heart is sad,
For lights beam bright across the way,
And a door with crape is clad!
Sadness and gladness e'er
Are dwellers side by side.
A dear one on her bier,
And the wreathing of a bride.

Bright eyes are filled with mirth,
Pale faces bend in prayer,
And hearts beside the cheery hearth
Are crushed by stout despair!
Ah, sorrow and joy and hope
Are parted by thinnest wall,
And only on hearts which never ope,
No ghostly shadows fall!

No thoughts of the funeral train
Come to the festive throngs;
No hope that joy will dawn again,
To stricken souls belongs.
The future is e'er a sunny sea
To the children of joy and mirth;
But only the frost and its memory
Comes to stricken ones of earth!

Somebody's heart is gay,
And somebody's heart is sad,
For light beams bright across the way,
And a door with crape is clad!
Sadness and gladness e'er
Crowd round us side by side;
A sunny smile and a scalding tear,
So close they are allied!
—[L. G. Riggs in St. Louis Magazine.

A BUNCH OF BANANAS.

BY WALLACE P. REED.

I.

"She will be a princess, if———"

Juan Valdez leaned forward eagerly to hear what the wrinkled old hag had to say.

The fortune-teller again scrutinized the innocent baby face before her, and looked at the pink little palm extended in her brown, leathery hand.

"She will be a princess, if———"

Again she paused with evident reluctance.

"Speak!" commanded Senor Valdez. "Surely the power of your evil art has not deserted you. If you can look into the future, tell me what is to befall my daughter, the last of her line."

The fortune-teller threw her head back with a proud air. She was a very old woman. There were people in San Blas who remembered her when she came to the village three score and ten years before, and even then her hair was gray and her face was wrinkled. She claimed to be considerably over a century old, and no one disputed her ward.

"Senor, Valdez," said the brown-faced sibyl, turning her fierce black eyes full upon him. "I knew your father, and his father before him. For three generations I have been at the cradle of every new-born babe in the village. I have foretold whatsoever there was of good or evil in their lives. Has any one ever said that Perdita made a mistake or made false predictions?"

"You misunderstand me, Perdita," was the humble reply. "It has unnerved me to gain a daughter and lose a wife, all in one bitter-sweet hour. My heart is filled with mingled grief and joy, and I am impatient to know the future of my last hope, the heiress of the most magnificent estate in Mexico. Will she live or die? Will she bring joy or sorrow to my house?"

Perdita dropped the tiny hand of the pretty child, and shaded her eyes with her hand.

"I see," she murmured, "the proudest beauty that ever brought our gallant cavaliers to her feet. Her gifts of mind and person are the wonder and delight of her father and all who behold her. Something tells me that she will be a princess if she lives to see her 18th birthday. My eyes have followed her through her infancy and childhood, and down to the night before her fateful day. Beyond that I cannot see. I know that she will be a princess, if she is alive on her 18th birthday. But I know nothing more."

Sorely puzzled, and uncertain whether to be hopeful or despondent, Senor Valdez gave Perdita a purse of gold and dismissed her.

II.

Seventeen years had rolled away.

A republic had gone down in a sea of blood and an empire had risen. Maximilian was on the throne; the beautiful Carlotta had surrounded herself with an imperial court, rivalling the brilliancy of the one at the Tuilleries; Bazine's legions covered the land, and it seemed the usurpers had come to stay.

Among the Mexican hidalgoes who rallied around the imperial standard, the wealthiest and most influential, was undoubtedly Senor Valdez.

"The prediction is coming to pass," the senor would frequently say to himself. "The republic is dead, and we have a court swarming with princes. Rita is the most beautiful woman and the richest heiress in Mexico. Why should she not be a princess? Old Perdita told the truth."

Rita was presented at court, and even the empress looked at her in delighted admiration.

"Your daughter will be a princess!" she whispered to Senor Valdez, who at that moment was looking at his gold-laced coat tails in a mirror.

"She has the noblest blood of old Spain in her veins," replied Valdez proudly.

"That does not need to be said," answered the empress, taking the girl by the hand and leading her to a quiet corner of the salon.

The Senorita Valdez had been educated by the best European tutors that her father's liberal offers could secure. She was mistress of every accomplishmentt Carlotta made no secret of the fact that she liked her better than any of the ladies around her.

"She will be a princess!" old Valdez would repeat a hundred times a day.

The senor moved to the capital, and established himself in a palace. He raised regiments for Maximilian, loaned the government money, and lived on a lavish and extravagant scale.

In his round of pleasure and excitement Valdez came near forgetting a very important matter. One night it came upon him with a shock.

"By all the saints!" he exclaimed, leaping from his bed. "In one week from to-day Rita will be eighteen! What did the old witch say? Her words all depended upon an if. My daughter will be a princess, if. Ah, that if! I must see to it at once. If any danger threatens Rita it is during the present week."

The senor hastily dressed himself and ran into his daughter's room.

Rita was sleeping quietly, and her face wore the glow of health.

Valdez examined the fastenings of the windows, and then retired locking the door and taking the key with him.

The next morning he told Rita of his fears, and secured her consent to remain indoors for several days.

"We must run no risk," the old man said, as he stroked her head affectionately.

III.

On the morrow Rita would be eighteen.

Valdez passed the day in a state of dazed illumination.

He refused to let his daughter come down stairs to breakfast, for fear that she would trip.

"No coffee, my dear," he said, "A glass of lemonade is more wholesome. Heavens!" he shrieked.

"What is it?" asked the astonished girl.

"There is a lemon seed in the glass," said her father. "You might have swallowed it."

Rita laughed. It was such a trifle, she told her father.

But Valdez would have his way. He poured out another glass, and examined every particle of food that came into the room. He prohibited meat, because it might produce fever.

He was just as particular about everything, and before the day was over Rita grew so nervous that she did not much care whether she lived or died.

Before night the windows were securely barred, the room was searched to see that no assassin had concealed himself, and finally at a late hour Valdez told his daughter that he was afraid to give her any supper.

"The truth is," he said, "I am afraid of poison."

"May I have a few bananas?" pleaded the senorita.

"Bananas," shouted her father. "Why of course. They cannot hurt you. Yes, you shall have a whole bunch."

He gave his orders, and in a few minutes the tempting looking fruit was brought into the room.

Valdez kissed his daughter, and locked her in. He did not tell her of his purpose but all night long he paced the hall in his stocking feet with a pistol in his hand.

The first glimmer of dawn came through the windows of the palace.

"Rita's eighteenth birthday!" said the happy father with a smiling face. "She is safe, and what is more, she will be a princess!"

Gradually the servants began to stir, and the bright sunshine bathed the walls in a flood of glory.

Senor Valdez quietly unlocked the door to the well-guarded chamber, and stole in on tip-toe.

In a moment the wildest shrieks and cries rang through the palace.

The servants rushed to Rita's room, and the unutterable horror of the sight before them struck even the boldest dumb.

Senor Valdez lay stretched on the floor in a death-like swoon.

On the bed lay Rita, her face whiter than the snowy pillow. There was a horrible, brown, hairy something on her throat!

One of the women approached gently, and tore the ugly thing away, and killed it with her slipper.

It was a tarantula, and it had done its deadly work only too well. Rita's throat bore the mark of its poisonous sting.

The servants understood it all when they saw the bunch of bananas in a chair by the bed. The tarantula had crawled out during the night, and had stung the lovely victim to death while she slept!

Valdez recovered consciousness, but it was only to be driven from the palace to the asylum. To the day of his death he remained a gibbering maniac, without the faintest gleam of sanity. Perhaps it was a blessing to have his mind so completely wiped out.

When the Empress Carlotta heard of the death of her favorite she at once discontinued her court entertainments for the season. The empress felt the shock so severely that it is believed by many in Mexico that her subsequent mental troubles really dated from the death of the unfortunate Rita.—[Atlanta Constitution.

Japanese Agitators.

Young men clad in the garments formerly worn by students have been numerous in the streets of Osaka, Japan, lately. They lecture in out of the way corners, and even in crowded streets when no constable is at hand, upon political subjects, and frequently urge the doctrines that "official salaries are the life-blood of the people."—[Chicago News.

LOBSTERS.

Some Facts Concerning the Warriors of the Deep.

Their Voracity Leads to Their Easy Capture.

During the early period of its growth, says the Baltimore Sun, the lobster casts the whole of his shell frequently—in the second year every two months—but as its size increases a new dress is less often required, till at last, when arrived at the fullness of physical dignity, its armor grows as it were rusty, and becomes coated over with parasitic shells.

Dr. Beard tells us that "the lobster only increases in size during the short period of molting, but this increase is so great that it is almost as difficult to believe the cast off clothes ever fitted the large fleshy mass lying languidly beside them, as that the gigantic genie ever came out of the jar the lid of which had been in an evil hour removed by the Arabian fisherman."

When the pea is sufficiently ripe the fish has the power to place her eggs under the protection of her over-arching shell, where they advance gradually to maturity, one lobster producing from 20,000 to 25,000 eggs each season. The spawn is thus carried by the mother till nearly fit to commence independent life, and when cast off it soon gives birth to the young lobster, which grows rapidly, but passes through many changes before it assumes the form and color with which ordinary observers are more familiar.

Enormous as is the increase from a single female lobster, their numbers are considerably diminished by predatory fish, which devour them with great avidity and relish, but we are told that the mother protects her progeny to the utmost, and by no means ceases her care with the deposit of her spawn, but continues it in a very pleasing and interesting manner longer than in most animals of a far higher grade of organization. Many fishermen assert that they have frequently seen during the season the old lobsters with their young around them. "Some of these infants have been noticed at six inches long, the old lobster with her head peering out from under a rock, the young ones playing around her. She appeared to rattle her claws on the approach of the fishermen, when herself and young family took refuge under the rocks; the rattling was no doubt to give the alarm. This is told by old and experienced men, without the slightest concert or question of collusion.

"The lobster's home," says Dr. Peard, "is in the purest water, beneath which he walks through brown and tangled forests of palmy weeds, a warrior in full panoply, ever ready to do battle with all comers."

It is here in rocky ground and in the fastnesses such localities afford to a creature so frequently defenseless he feeds chiefly on the aquatic vegetation which surrounds him, chopping up his salad with the large claw, little conscious how his example may be followed by man at a feast at which he may be the principal invited guest.

Lobsters and crabs vary in their tastes. Lobsters will be attracted by almost any description of offal, the more putrescent the better; the crab will refuse to enter if the bait is not sweet and fresh.

Dr. Blakey says the lobster is considered an unclean eater, and is often called the scavenger of the seas. He is a fierce marauder, pouncing on dead or living substances of all kinds. He appears to have a powerful sense of smell although no distinct organs for this office have yet been detected. His carnivorous voracity leads to the animal's destruction. Baited traps made of strong twigs, like the common wire mousetraps, are lowered into the water and marked with a buoy, and these become the most effectual means of capturing this epicurean crustacean.

Rivals to Tea and Coffee.

If tea and coffee can never be wholly dethroned from their dietetic pride of place, it is quite possible that new beverages may be invented to rival them. Mate, which the Peruvian sucks hot through a silver pipe; guarana, much richer than the Mocha berry or the Chinese leaf in theine; the kola nut and the coca plant are all possible competitors. The negro of the Soudan, Mauritius, West Indies and Brazil would not give up the kola nut for the best tea or coffee. Then there are millions of people who drink infusions of the leaves of saxifrage of ledum, of pimento, and the partridge berry, and hundreds of unsuspected plants contain the ingredients which the human race seeks for in such beverages. The chief of these are the alkaloid, which is present by a proportion of about 3 per cent. in ordinary tea, and the aromatic oil which give to that and to coffee their special favor. The Chinese will not drink new tea because it contains too much of the latter ingredient, and is sometimes actually intoxicating.—[London Telegraph.

Struggling with his Memory.

Bobby was spending the afternoon at his aunt's, and for some moments had been gazing out of the window in a painfully thoughtful sort of a way.

"What makes you so serious, Bobby?" asked his aunt.

"Why, ma told me that I must remember not to ask for anything to eat and I'm trying to remember it.—[New York Sun.

The Game of Progressive Observation.

"Progressive Observation" is the name given to a new Boston game that has been taken up with interest in social circles. It has an advantage over "donkey parties," and progressive euchre in that it teaches something useful. The hostess provides five tables, at each of which are seated four or five persons, or even more if desired. Table No. 1, or the "head" table, represents the sense of sight, the highest sense. Table No. 2 is touch, No. 3 hearing, No. 4 smell, and No. 5 taste. There is a teacher for each table, and the teacher is supplied with a variety of objects suited to the use of the table. For instance, the teacher at the sight table holds before each player in turn a collection of small objects on a tray, and after the lapse of half a minute takes away the tray and asks the player to name the articles. Or the teacher gives each person a single article, and after a short inspection calls for answers to all the questions that can be asked about it. Score is kept by the teacher, and the player making the least mistakes progresses to the next table.

At the close of the evening the player who has made the most "progressions" is awarded the prize. The variety of objects for the several tables is only limited by the teacher's ingenuity and the resources of the house. At the "touch" table the players close their eyes and depend on the sense of feeling alone for their impression of the article given them. This is not so easy as it may be supposed. For the "hearing" table a musical instrument may be used and the test given on a note or combination of notes; or a number of thin glasses may be used in a like way, the player being asked to give the number of a particular sound which is given alone after being struck in a regular succession. For the taste and smell tables the kitchen can be drawn upon, and such things as flour, meal, powdered maccaroni, corn starch, granum, and others, whose taste and smell in the raw state are either not very pronounced or not familiar, are good for the purpose.

The game is not so much like "child's play" as may be thought. True, it had its origin in the "plays" of kindergarten, but, as developed and enlarged, the idea proves very well adapted to the entertainment of grown people, who are rational enough to like a little sense with their fun.—[Minneapolis Tribune.

Smoking Under Water.

"Do you know how that trick of smoking under water is done?" asked a showman the other day. "You'll see it tried in the swimming tanks. It looks strange, I admit, to see a man go under water with a lighted cigar in his mouth, smoke calmly at the bottom, and come to the surface with the cigar burning as nicely as if he were smoking in his easy chair. It is a trick, but it requires practice. I used to be quite proficient at it. Just as I threw myself backward to go down, I would flip the cigar end for end with my tongue and upper lip and get the lighted end in my mouth, closing my lips water tight around it. A little slippery elm juice gargled before going in prevents any accidental burning of the mouth. Going slowly down backward, I would lie at full length on the bottom of the tank and blow smoke through the cut end of the cigar. Just as I reached the surface again another flip reversed the cigar, and there I was smoking calmly. The reversing is done so quickly that nobody notices it."—[Philadelphia Call.

Stick to the Text.

The difficulty with many actors is that they think they know better than the writer of the piece, or even the audience, what will please, and so take liberties with the text. This is sheer ignorance. To such an actor W. S. Gilbert once said, while rehearsing "The Mikado:" "You must read the lines as I have written them, and make no changes."

"I think I am old enough to understand without telling me," was the resentful reply.

"You certainly are," returned the author.

"And I ought to know," said the actor.

"You certainly ought," was the dry response; but as Mr. Gilbert said nothing further, the actor became even more resentful, though obedient. He found afterward that he got more applause from cultivated people when sticking to the text than when attempting to "gag" it.

Somewhat Personal.

A humpback met a malicious one-eyed neighbor.

"Ah," said the latter, "you have your load on your back early this morning."

"Yes," responded the humpback, looking intently at the one-eyed man, "it must be rather early. I see you have only got one blind open."—[Siftings.

A Severe Mental Tax.

"Bobby," said his mother, "I told you not to forget to bring up three scuttles of coal before you went to school, and you only brought up two."

"I know, ma, but I forgot the third one. Three scuttles is a good many for a little boy like me to remember."—New York Sun.

A New Process.

Patron—It's astonishing what a number of new artistic designs have been invented lately.

Poor Artist—Yes, indeed, sir. I have often drawn on an empty stomach.—[Tid Bits.

PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

No man is wise or safe but he that is honest.

All are not princes that ride with the emperor.

Correction is good when administered in season.

It takes a great deal of grace to be able to bear praise.

Character would be impossible were there no temptation.

Good manners and good morals are sworn friends and firm allies.

That cannot be a healthy condition in which a few prosper and the great mass are drudges.

Promises made in the time of affliction require a better memory than people commonly possess.

In the matter of speed there is a great similarity between a flash of lightning and a bit of scandal.

Every great and commanding movement in the annals of the world is the triumph of enthusiasm.

Sin is never at a stay: if we do not retreat from it we shall advance in it, and further on we go the more we have to come back.

In all negotiations of difficulty, a man may not look to sow and reap at once, but must prepare business, and so ripen it by degrees.

Conquer thyself. Till thou hast done that, thou art a slave; for it is almost as well for thee to be in subjection to another's appetite as thy own.

Mushroom-Growing in Illinois.

A company was recently organized in the city of Chicago which has leased five acres of the tunnels of the Utica Cement Manufacturing company for twenty years for the production of mushrooms. Tuesday, H. S. Weaver, superintendent of this new industry, left for France in the interests of the organization and will bring back a supply of mushroom spawn imbedded in rich compost, a handful of which spawn or seed would be sufficient to plant acres. There are several gentlemen interested in this new industry, which is surely a novelty in this part of the state, or probably in the United States, for that matter, for, as far as known, no such large company exists in this country. The method of raising this cryptogamic plant as proposed in the tunnels will doubtless be interesting to our readers. There are numbers of these subterranean chambers owned by the Utica Cement Manufacturing Company, but only a few of them will be used at first in the mushroom industry. The soil or manure will be brought from Chicago by the carload and made into beds in the tunnels and the spawn set therein.

A crop can be grown every twenty-four hours, and two crops if desired, as all that need be done is to clip off the head and the fringe will, inside the next twelve hours, produce another mushroom plant. The experiment of growing this delectable article of food has been tried in English mines, but with the impurities of the gas, air, etc., it was not possible to obtain success and the attempts proved failures. The air of the tunnels is not impregnated with foul odors, is of an even temperature, and the entire conditions are such that a failure cannot possibly result. The company at first proposes to put in sufficient beds to yield 100 bushels per day, which sell in the Chicago market for 30 cents per pound.—[La Salle (Ill.) Press.

Queer Indian Customs in Brazil.

The Indian prayer-meetings in the country are rather a singular admixture of superstition and devotion. A doll is dressed in silk clothes, with candles on each side, a good bit of tinsel work about it and a ribbon tied about its waist. It rests on the table. Eight or ten Indian men stand around; one has a large drum, which he beats continually. The women sit on the floor, while the men sing prayers to the saint, the women responding. They commence praying about 7 or 8 o'clock and keep it up two or three hours. Then the women with their little children kiss the ribbons, asking favors of the saint. The men then go through the same ceremony. The saint is then locked up in a box, and dancing commences and lasts the rest of the night. Frequent potions of whiskey are imbibed by the men, coffee and wine by the women. When the men become too drunk to dance longer they retire to their hammocks and sleep until sober.—[Pittsburg Gazette.

Boring a Square Hole.

A man has spent fourteen years in solving the problem of boring a square hole, and he has succeeded. A company is organized to put his invention on the market. It is simply an oscillating head with chisel edges and projecting lips, which cut out the corners in advance of the chisel. The balance of the machine is an almost exact counterpart of the old-style boring machine. It will cut a two-by-four mortice in from four to five minutes—and do it with perfect accuracy—that a carpenter cannot complete in less than half an hour.—[Halifax Critic.

It Couldn't Help Falling.

"Pat," said an American to an Irishman who had lately landed, and who was staring at Niagara. "Pat, did you see such a fall as that in the old country?"

"Faith, and I niver did; but do yez see, why shouldn't it fall? What's to prevint its fallin'? That's what I'd like ter know."

His Best Girl.

He hurried up to the office as soon as he entered the hotel, and without waiting to register inquired eagerly:

"Any letter for me?"

The clerk sorted over a package with the negligent attention that comes of practice, then flipped one—a very small one—on the counter.

The traveling man took it with a curious smile that twisted his pleasant-looking face into a mask of expectancy.

He smiled more as he read it. Then oblivious of other travelers who jostled him, he laid it tenderly against his lips and actually kissed it.

A loud guffaw startled him.

"Now look here, old fellow," said a loud voice, "that won't do, you know. Too spooney for anything. Confess now, your wife didn't write that letter?"

"No, she didn't," said the traveling man with an amazed look, as if he would like to change the subject. "That letter is from my best girl."

The admission was so unexpected that the trio of friends who had caught him said no more until after they had eaten a good dinner and were seated together in a chum's room.

Then they began to badger him.

"It's no use, you've got to read it to us, Dick," said one of them, "we want to know all about your best girl."

"So you shall," said Dick with great coolness; "I will give you the letter and you can read it yourselves. There it is," and he laid it on the table.

"I guess not," said the one who had been the loudest in demanding it, "we like to chaff a little, but I hope we are gentlemen. The young lady would hardly care to have her letter read by this crowd," and he looked reproachfully at his friend.

"But I insist upon it," was the answer, "there is nothing in it to be ashamed of exeept the spelling; that is a little shaky, I'll admit, but she won't care in the least. Read it, Hardy, and judge for yourself."

Thus urged Hardy took up the letter, shamefacedly enough, and read it. There were only a few words. First he laughed—then swallowed suspiciously and as he finished it, threw it on the table again, and rubbed the back of his hand across his eyes, as if troubled with dimness of vision.

"Pshaw," he said, "if I had a love letter like that—" and then was silent.

"Fair play!" cried one of the others with an uneasy laugh.

"I'll read it to you, boys," said their friend, seeing they made no move to take it, "and I think you'll agree with me that it's a model love letter."

And this was what he read:

Mi owen deer PaPa

I sa mi PRairs every nite annd Wen i kis yure Pictshure i ASK god to bless you gOOd bi Pa Pa yure Best gurl DOLLY

For a moment or two the company remained silent, while the little letter was passed from hand to hand, and you would have said that each and every one had hay fever by the snuffling that was heard. Then Hardy jumped to his feet;

"Three cheers far Dolly and three cheers more for Dick's best girl!"

"They were given with a will.

An African Holiday.

In the centre of the courtyard a platform was erected, hung with silks, velvets and flags, including that of Dahomey—a white ground, with a figure in black holding aloft a decapitated head in one hand and a cimiter in the other. On this platform stood the king, surrounded by his nobles, among whom I had a prominent seat, while below struggled a mass of 50,000 or more people, kept in some order by the woman guard.

The affair began by the king, personally, throwing into a sliding trench various packages of goods, consisting of cottons, clothes and cloths, knives, muskets, pipes and tobacco, all of which were fought fiercely for by the crowd below. Then came the grand point, the slaughter.

The victims were brought forth lashed into boat-shaped baskets, in a sitting position, with knees drawn up to the chin, and lifted into the slide, from which they went down to the crowd below. Then there came a horrible scramble. Thousands, with long, bright knives threw themselves on the victim, and in a moment he was hacked to pieces, as well as were some of his hackers, the victor being the one who came off with the head.

This was kept up for three hours, the number killed amounting to about 200 until the crowd below were reeking and smeared with blood. A more horrible sight was never witnessed, and it did not lessen the horror with me to be told that this is not a mere useless slaughter, as civilized nations suppose but a day of execution, the decapitated being criminals, traitors, and prisoners of war, who have been "offensive political partisans." It is the highest holiday in the year, and the only one where much slaughtering is done; and there is no doubt—according to Mr. Evans—that the King himself wishes to abolish that part of it but dares not.—[North American Review.

A Choice of Pets.

He had promised to buy her a dog.

"What kind do you like best?" he asked tenderly, as he squeezed her hand.

"Well," she said thoughtfully, as she rested her chin on his shoulder, "some like Scotch terrors, but as for me I should just dote on an English pug."

And he said sweetly that their ideas con-cur-red.

A Face.

Between the curtains of snowy lace,
Over the way, is a baby's face.
It peeps forth, smiling in merry glee,
And waves its pink little hand at me.

My heart responds with a lonely cry.
But in the wonderful By-and-by,
Out from the window of God's "To Be,"
That other baby shall beckon to me.

That ever haunting and longed for face,
That perfect vision of infant grace,
Shall shine on me in a splendor of light,
Never to fade from my eager sight.

All that was taken shall be made good—
All that puzzles me, understood;
And the wee white hand that I lost one day
Shall lead me into the better way.
—[Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

HUMOROUS.

About the first thing lost at sea is the sight of land.

Half the boys to-day would rather be drum-majors than presidents.

"Won by a mere scratch," as the hen observed when she turned up the worm.

The only people who are fond of getting into court are lawyers and young folks.

Waiting for a letter that never came is not a circumstance to waiting for a backward sneeze.

A pullman car porter nearly bled to death the other day—nearly bled another man to death.

The emperor of Russia plays the cornet. Can this be the real secret of nihilistic activity.

A man may be behind in his work and still show push. This is so if he is wheeling a barrow.

A new labor movement—Getting up in the morning to make the fire when your wife calls you.

The man who wrote "O, solitude, where are thy charms?" was a business man who didn't advertise.

Old lady (in drug store, to small boy): "What am I to take this medicine in, sonny?" Sonny: "Take it in your mouth, mum; tain't to be rubbed on."

When a boy is caught in an orchard, the first thing he says is invariably as follows: "I wa'n't goin' to steal none of yer apples."

Young housewife: "What miserable little eggs again! You really must tell them, Jane, to let the hens sit on them a little longer."

On the wedding journey. He (sentimentally)—Darling, do you love me better than your first husband? She—Certainly. He's dead.

The fact is so well established that a man can be very tall and at the same time very short that it is scarcely necessary to call attention to it.

"It is discouraging to think," said a complaining shoemaker, "that whatever pains I may take with my work it is sure to be trampled under foot."

An agricultural journal says that honey, to keep well, must be kept in a dry place. If there are any small boys around the house, it will also be found to keep better if locked up.

Friend—Your dog looks completely worn out. Has he been on a hunting expedition? Host—Oh, no; he followed my wife on a shopping tour to-day. He is a young dog and can't stand more than forty or fifty miles a day.

Prepare to heave the deep-drawn sigh,
And wrestle with distressing grief,
And actuate pains of nightmare brief,
And all because of that mince pie.

Practice.

A Texas parent had a son who took piano lessons at Professor Zweibeer's house, but was supposed to do his practising on the piano at home. The parent had a suspicion that the youth did not practise much. One day he said:

"Tommy, do you practise regularly on the piano when I am down town?"

"Yes, pa."

"Every day?"

"Yes, pa."

"How long did you practise yesterday?"

"Two hours."

"And to-day?"

"Three hours."

"I am glad to hear that you practise so regularly."

"Yes, pa."

"And next time you practise be sure you unlock the piano. Here is the key. I locked the piano and put the key in my pocket a week ago."—[Siftings.

Bullets Without Billets.

The question has often been raised, what proportion of balls, exchanged by hostile armies, will hit their mark and kill. Difficult as it is to solve it exactly, some approximation may be arrived at from the number of balls—estimated at 20,000,000—which were fired by the Germans in the war of 1870-71. The French army lost, in dead and wounded about 140,000 men. According to this, only one ball out of 143 fired hit its man, and assuming that on an average only one man out of seven hit was actually killed, it would seem that only one rifle-ball in 858 proved fatal. If it is further considered that the number of men wounded and killed by the guns of the artillery are included in the above estimate, it may safely be said that not over one rifle-ball in 1000 fired proved to be fatal.—[Boston Beacon.

Both Tired.

"I've been making mince pies," said a wife, as the after-dinner coffee was brought on, "and I'm very tired."

"And I've been eating mince pie," remarked her husband, "and I am tired, too," and he bowed his head upon the table.—[New York Sun.

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday.

For terms and advertising rates, see first page

Communications relative to any of the interests of the Albemarle District solicited.

PUBLIC DOCUMENTS.

It is generally considered that public documents, published by authority of Congress, are mere trash, and only cumber private and public libraries. This is not strictly true. There has been an advance in the quality and style of these publications in the past few years. And some of them are peculiarly rare and valuable, and published at great expense, embellished and illustrated with the best specimens of the art.

Formerly these documents used to reach the people who read and appreciated them. But the repeal of the franking privilege by members of Congress has put a stop to this desirable distribution of such documents. They are, however, still published, even in a better and more ornamental style, but the people see but few of them. They encumber the warehouses and public depositories in Washington until their room is needed, and then they are sold for paper rags, or to second hand book stores at about a cent per pound,

Congress should either stop the publication of such documents or restore to the members the franking privilege to extend at least to the distribution of these documents, for notwithstanding the contempt with which some "smart Aleks" speak of these reports, they are really valuable, containing the most reliable information on important subjects.

The government employs the most scientific experts who make able reports upon the subjects of the prevalent diseases of cattle, horses and hogs. It also has the ablest men employed in geological, mineral and topographical surveys, whose reports are really the foundation of nearly all reliable information on these subjects.

NOT CLEVELAND'S OWN.

The merciless people of the press are destroying nearly all the glory of President Cleveland in a literary way. It has been in nearly every leading paper in the land that the most of the speeches he made on great occasions "swinging around the circle" were fished from the American Encyclopedia. His friends still thought that he had left to his literary glory the phrase they are so fond of quoting, "public office is a public trust." It is discovered now that he is not even the author of this, and that he cribbed it from the inaugural address of Jefferson Davis as President of the late Southern Confederacy. How mortifying to be found out!

"He died of nothing to do," said a Frenchman upon being asked the cause of his bother's death. In New York, a few months ago, a young man, with every prospect in life fair, the son of a wealthy banker, the favorite of a social circle, killed himself from sheer *ennui*. A lesson and a warning at the same time. Let children be taught that an empty, idle, useless life is of all things to be despised.

"It was," says the Boston Traveler "in the last days of the campaign of 1884 that Gorman, for the Democratic National Committee, raised, according to hearsay, $150,000 to effect a change in New York against Blaine." And it was thus that Gorman got a grip on Clevelahd, which the latter has not been able to relax.

Under Republican administration this country has established good money and good credit. Both equal that of any other nation in the world. Indeed our money is conceded among civilized nations to be the best of all Even our paper money, issued as it is under the sanction of National authority, is as good as gold, not only in this country, but in all the markets of the world.

The English method in raising pure-breds, of allowing the calf to take all its mother's milk, is quite too expensive in rearing animals for beef, and quite unnecessary in raising even a first-class animal. The refuse of a dairy, with oil meal, pea meal, etc, is quite sufficient after the third or fourth week to grow a calf.

We cheerfully publish the two calls issued for a meeting of the Republican State Committees. In the interest of harmony we advise both Committees to attend. Let all be animated by "a patriotic purpose to do what can be to increase the party strength."

Of all the callings among men give us the life of the sturdy yeoman who tills the fruitful earth and has an appetite for three hearty meals 365 days in the year, and is in a measure indepenpent of all other men.

Of the cotton crop, the seed usually furnishes three-fifths of the entire weight while unginned. It is only of late years that cotton seed has been demonstrated to constitute a large value of the crop.

DECLINE IN PRICES.

The farmer, who seldom examines all the details in the decline or advance in prices, feels that his own is a peculiar and probably a solitary case, as far as it affects agricultural products. Since 1884, the time of the change in the political administration of the Government, the decline in prices has been marked and radical in nearly all branches of industry. The reports of the bureaus of our National Government officially gives the decline in all classes of live stock, amounting to hundreds of millions. The decline in the price of wheat is at least 25 cents per bushel, which on 460,000,000 bushels the usual product of the United States, would be a clear loss to the farmers of $115,000,000 per annum on this one article.

The decline in the price of corn, though not so much per bushel, in the aggregate, amounts to as much loss to the farmers as in wheat. The decline in the price of pork is on an average of 27 cents per hundred pounds. This takes from the frrmers another hundred million. The price of beef has declined thirty-three per cent in the hands of the farmers but not nearly so much in the hands of the butchers.

To producers, in the decline of prices since Cleveland took his seat, there has been a loss, all told, to the farmers of over six hundred millions annually. This is what they have to suffer in order to have a "reform" administration.

But, as "misery loves company," let us see if others are not suffering on account of the same luxury. The decline in cotton goods is said to be only 10 per cent, but application to the counters of our merchants all over the country would indicate 40 per cent decline. We take the official statistics as reliable, On print cloths the decline is reported at 40 per cent.

And we could follow out nearly all the products of the mills, foundries, manufactories, mines, etc, and the same depreciation sits like a burden on the business. We do not propose to state the millions of loss in these departments of industry, but column after column of articles could be enumerated which have declined, and are still continuing to do so.

It is useless to expect a return to former prices or former prosperity, until there is a return to an administration in which the people have confidence—in which capital is not constantly timid and hesitating, in which the future is not pregnant of fearful forebodings of disaster.

DEMOCRATIC ASSESSMENTS.

The question will naturally arise, now much should be contributed? Presidential postmasters are generally contributing from $25 to $50; Fourth class postmasters from $2 to $55; railway postal clerks, $10 to $15, and other Federal office-holders in proportion to the amount of salary received as compared with the officials named above.

The above extract forms the closing portion of a circular issued to Federal officials by the Democratic State Committee of Iowa. For years now one of the campaign cries of the Democrats has been against the "wicked assessment" of office holders, but the moment they get control they wink their eye at the President's "reform" talk and proceed to make out a regular schedule of assessments "in proportion to the amounts of salary." Oh, consistency!

The *Weekly*, a Democratic paper published at Reidsville, this State, says:

The North Carolina Congressman who professes to be in favor of the repeal of the internal revenue laws and votes for Carlisle for Speaker (who has never failed to pack the Committee of Ways and Means dead against any such legislation) plays a farce so broad that it cannot possibly fool even the wayfaring man.

IT WAS NOT ALWAYS THUS.

Mr. George William Curtis speaks up from the vale of sorrow to the effect that the Democratic party "has given fair warning that it does not invite votes as a party of reform." Well, well. Has it taken nearly three years for Mr. Mugwump to find this out? It is a sad and rude awakening from the beautiful dreams of 1884.

Capital punishment has been abolished in the following States, to wit: Michigan, Rhode Island, Wisconsin, Maine, Vermont, Illinois and Kansas, though in same of these states in exceptional cases juries may fix the death penalty.

Leadville, Col. hasn't money enough to keep its public schools open. It must not be inferred, however, that the city is altogether lacking in public spirit, for it gives a generous support to 1100 saloons.

No manufacturer can afford to neglect the cost of labor and material needed to run his business.

We go to press too early to give the result of the State elections held yesterday.

Jenny Lind, the once famous "Queen of Song," is dead.

Thursday, the 24th inst., is Thanksgiving.

The Power of Canvassing Boards.

The Supreme Court has just decided that County boards of Canvassers cannot go behind the returns sent by precinct inspectors of elections. The case in which this question was involved was the State on the relation of Gatling against Boone from Hertford county. The facts in the case are these: At the election for Superior Court Clerk in Hertford county the board of county canvassers excluded the returns from two precincts, thus giving the election to the defendant Boone, who was inducted and suit was brought by the relator, Gatling, asking that the votes from the two rejected precincts be counted and he be declared elected and entitled to the office. The Superior Court decided that the decision of the board of canvassers was final and therefore Boone was entitled to the office. The case was appealed to the Supreme Court which granted a new trial.

The Supreme Court says in its opinion that power is given the board of canvassers to canvass and judicially determine the returns—that is, to examine, scrutinize and inquire about them and to ascertain what are and what are not returns, wherein they are defective, if at all, and what their meaning is, what number of votes were cast, for whom they were cast, and the result of the election of the county. Power is not given to the canvassing board to make, alter or amend returns. They must accept and act upon them, if sufficient, as they come from the judges of election at the voting precincts. It is the province of the board to ascertain the result of the election from the returns and only from them, and to declare and proclaim that result.

The board is not simply to add the number of votes returned, but they have authority to examine the return and decide upon their regularity, correctness and sufficiency, and to accept them as above indicated. This power, however, only extends to the returns. It does not give authority to enquire, ascertain and determine whether or not votes cast at an election were legal or illegal whether unlawful votes were rejected, and such like questions arising at the polls. No such jurisdiction is conferred; and while the result of the election as determined by the canvassing board settles *prima facie* the right of the person so ascertained to be elected to have the office and receive the emoluments, still this is a limited effect, but it is not final and conclusive and the proper court can examine and pass upon the correctness and sufficiency of the returns and settle the true and lawful result of the election.

In short the county canvassing board cannot go behind the returns from election precincts, but it can determine the correctness and sufficiently of the return itself. It cannot reject a return for any irregularity at the polls, but can reject it for any irregularity or insufficiency which appears upon the return itself; and the courts can review the action of the canvassing board and correct it if it is wrong.

The State Committees—Two Calls.

STATESVILLE, N. C., Oct. 30, 1887.—The Republican State Executive Committee is called to meet at the Yarboro House in Raleigh, at eleven o'clock, on the morning of Wednesday, the 14th day of December next.

This call is made in the interest of harmony, and for the purpose of securing the same in the Convention to be held next year, which will reorganize the party, nominate a candidate for Governor, and other State officers, and send representatives to the National Republican Convention.

I believe this to be the only lawful Republican State Committee of North Carolina, and that in any contest before a National Convention it would be so decided. Many of the leading men of the party, including some of its bast lawyers, believe likewise. But in answering gentlemen appointed by the republican caucus of the last Legislature to ascertain the means best suited to harmonize the party, I expressed a willingness to do all I could in this direction. These members of the Legislature represented a majority of the republican voters of the State and desired united party effort, and, being representatives of the republican voters of the State, certainly had a right to inquire into the views of those who claim official authority in the party. It was my duty to respect their wishes, and I do so now in making this call, and for this particular day.

I earnestly hope that every member of the committee will attend with a patriotic purpose to do what he can to increase the party strength,

J. J. MOTT.
Chairman.

RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 26, 1887. The Republican State Committee is hereby called to meet in the city of Raleigh, on Wednesday, the 14th day of December next at 10 a. m., to fix the date and place of meeting of the next Republican State Convention, and for the transaction of such other business as may be properly brought before it.

J. C. L. HARRIS
Acting Chairman.

Senator Hiscock on Labor.

Traders, lawyers, doctors, merchants, bankers, presidents of railroads. Assemblymen, Senators, Congressmen, mayors and governors have and will come from them, and the value of property in every form consists—90 per cent of it at least—in the labor which has been expended upon it. Well-paid labor promises industry, thrift, economy, temperance and education, and the accumulation of a surplus by those engaged in it; and in a republic where every man has a ballot, those who labor will control the Governmeni, and the wisdom of their policy has to depend upon their education and morality, and they should be fostered and protected. I yield to no man in my support of their claims to both and I sympathize with every movement that looks to their elevation. And how has your present prosperity here come about? Through the grand financial system inaugurated and pursued as a political policy by the Republican party, and every step resisted by the Democracy.

The President's Immunity.

From the St Louis Globe-Democrat.

The administration of Mr. Cleveland has certainly not been distinguished for intellectual power, and yet it has in two years and a half, developed two cases of brain trouble Manning and Whitney. We regard Mr. Cleveland himself as entirely safe, for obvious reasons, from any attack of this kind.

Magnanimous Men.

General Grant's pithy remark that "if nobody had been left but the soldiers we would have had peace in a year," and that he had observed that "some of the warriors did not get warmed up to the fight until it was over," indicates the frame of mind in which he died. It is a remarkable fact that nearly all the great men identified with the struggle of the Rebellion came in the end to have this feeling toward the Southern section of the land. Seward, Chase, Sumner, Andrew, among the statesmen are most conspicuous in this connection. Of the military men who saw the highest service the most of them hardly waited for this change of heart. It was part of the spirit that made them both brave and great.—Boston Herald.

Ladies will find relief from their Costiveness, Swimming in the Head, Colic, Sour Stomach, Headache, Kidney troubles, etc., by taking a dose of Simmons Liver Regulator after dinner or supper, so as to move the bowels one a day. Mothers will have better health and the babies will grow more robust by using the Regulator. If an infant shows signs of Colic, nothing like a few drops in water for relief. The genuine has the red Z on front of Wrapper.

We have the satisfaction of hearing from several sources that Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is all it claims to be—a genuinely good preparation.

Publ. *Molly Stark*
Toulon, Ill.

"Oh! it is excellent to have a giant's strength" and walk the earth free and happy again was what the man said when he had cured his ten old rheumatism with a bottle of Salvation Oil. 25 cts.

The Poet Answered.

Philadelphia Press.

One of the cotemporary poets asks: "Where are the bright girls of the past?" Our own observation is that some of them are administering doses of paregoric to the bright girls of the future.

Superior Courts.

1st DISTRICT—JUDGE GRAVES.
Hyde—November 14, one week.
Pamlico—November 21, one week.
Beaufort—November 28 two weeks.

STATE ITEMS

W. T. Caho, esq, of Pamlico county, has been appointed deputy special agent of the treasury department, with a salary of four dollars per day and expenses.

Gov. Scales has issued the death warrant of Chas. F. Jones, of Craven county. Jones will be remembered as the man who choked his wife to death and then threw her body into Neuse river near New Bern.

The Greensboro Patriot says: Messrs. J. W. Scott & Co., of this city shipped 18,000 lbs of dried berries last Friday.—Stokes county tobacco sold at the Farmers Warehouse in this city Wednesday for $40.00 per hundred.

The Fayetteville News says; The snow is upon us. The 31st day of October, 1887, witnessed in our good old town something that the month of October rarely if ever beheld in our city before.

The Fayetteville Observer says: Thousands of bushels of peas have been injured by the continued rain. —We regret to hear that a large quantity of corn, which had been pulled and piled on the ground, has been out in all this bad weather. Much of it will be lost.

The Raleigh News-Observer says: Rev. Chas. S. Farris has resigned the editorial charge of the Biblical Recorder, the organ of the Baptist denomination in the State. He has been connected with the paper for the last six years as associate editor, and a few months since assumed the chief editorship. Rev. C. T. Bailey will re-assume the editorial chair.

The New Bern Journal says. Twenty prisoners are now accommodated in Craven county jail. Four of these are chargeable to the United States. —The remains of Capt. Appleton Oaksmith passed down on the train last night to Hollywood, Carteret county. He died in New York on Wednesday morning last. In many respects Capt. Oaksmith was a remarkable man. A true history of his life would doubtless make an interesting little volume.

The following item is clipped from the Washington Progress, Mrs. Lincke was sent to jail last summer as an accomplice in the murder of her husband, and was released on bail by Judge Shepherd upon a writ of habeas corpus. Mrs Lincke came up last week and requested her bondsmen to surrender her to the sheriff, stating that she wished to spend the intervening time until court in jail. We have not learned the motive prompting this action.

A gentlemnn arriving from Neuse reports that all the bridges on the river from the Fall of Neuse to Smithfield has been destroyed by the flood of last Monday and Tuesday. Between these two points there were eight strong and important bridges besides some smaller ones. The river was five feet higher than it was ever known before. The damage to corn and cotton is incalculable and the greatest inconvenience prevailed for want of facilities to cross the river at the various points from which the bridges have been carried off.

The Concord Times says; In the Superior Court of one of the Western countier of the State recently, an action was being tried to set aside a deed made by a deceased grantor upon the ground that he was insane at the time he executed the deed. The widow of the deceased, a very intelligent and modest lady, was a witness. She testified to the fact that her husband in his later years become a monomaniac upon the subject of religion, thought of and talked of nothing else, he believed that it was his duty to give oway all his property and live by faith. During the examination she was asked by the attorney if her husband was religious in her younger days. She very earnestly and emphatically answered: "Gh! no, not at all, He was a lawyer!"

Randall's Voting Place.

Philadelphia Press.

One of the finest political humors of the time is the struggle that Congressman Randall has to keep a voting place in Philadelphia. It is not essential to enable him to run for Congress here, but he persists in coming to the Sixth Ward to vote in spite of the fact that he does not live there and has not for years. When he is not in Washington he lives with his family in Chester County. He rarely remains in the city over night. It is customary for him when he comes to town to take a room at some hotel, and he has always had the good luck to find one in his district. Some years ago he was compelled by the closing of one hotel to seek another, and now, for the same reason, he has again made a change. Anyone of less consequence than Mr. Randall would not be allowed to vote if he had no better claim to residence than he has.

The Verdict Unanimous.

W. D. Sult, Druggist, Bippus, Ind, testifies: "I can recommend Electric Bitters as the very best remedy. Every bottle sold has given relief in every case. One man took six bottles and was cured of Rheumatism of 10 years' standing." Abraham Aare, druggist, Bellville, Ohio, affirms: "The best selling medicine I have ever handled in my 20 years' experience, is Electric Bitters." Thousands of others have added their testimony, so that the verdict is unanimous that Electric Bitters do cure all diseases of the Liver, Kidneys and Blood. Only 50 c bottle at Wood & Wadsworth's Drug Store.

There are so many superfluous women in Massachusetts that the brute man thinks he has everything his own way. A Massachusetts editor complains that in his town the young men cannot be induced even to think of matrimony unless a couple of corner lots are thrown in with the girl.

About the Size of It.

Shoe & Leather Reporter.

It is a singular phase of human nature, that when a man gives his wife a dime to buy a box of hairpins or a gum ring for the baby, it looks about seven times as big as when he planks it down for bitters.

Rise Up, William Curtis.

Rise up, George William Curtis, and express yourself again on the "hungry and thirsty Democracy." Take your dearly beloved Mugwump Massachusetts for a text.—Dayton Journal.

Not At All Uncommon.

It may be a little sacreligious to speak of it, but the fact remains that the miracle of turning water into wine is frequently performed right in this country and in these modern days.—Somerville Journal.

Will Find His Station.

Springfield Union.

The Chicago Inter-Ocean notes the birth of a baby en route in a Union Pacific sleeping car, and pictures the future misery of the man as "he seeks his birthplace to cherish it, but never find it—this mad, busy rushing town of Enroute." But the boy who is born at the rate of fifty miles an hour is pretty likely to find his station in life.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PETITION FOR SALE OF LANDS TO MAKE ASSETS.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA: Pasquotank County—In the Superior Court.

Wm. J. Griffin, Adm'r of Geo. W. Edney deceasd,

Vs

Mills Howell and wife, Parmethia Howell, Eva Maud Edney, Martha E. Edney, John Darden and wife, Mary J. Darden, Wm F. Edney, Herschel Edney, Wm. H. Coppersmith, Samuel Whitson, Rosabel Williams, Miles Edward Edney, Mary F. Edney, Jo. Ann Spence, James Spence and wife, John W. Edney Samuel Edney, B. F. Edney Miles Edney, Newton Edney, and Mrs E. Whitson, heirs-at-law of Geo. Edney dec'd

It appearing, by affidavit, to the satisfaction of the Court that Mills Howell & wife, Parthena Howell, Eva Maud Edney, Martha E. Edney, John Darden & wife, Margaret J. Darden, Wm. T. Edney, Herschel Edney, Rosabel Williams, Miles Edward Edney, Mary T. Edney and Newton Edney, some of the above named defendants, reside out of this State and cannot, after due diligence, be found therein, and that said defendants are proper parties to this proceedings:

It is therefore, on motion, ordered that publication hereof be made in the NORTH CAROLINIAN, a weekly newspaper published in Elizabeth City, requiring said defendants to be and appear at the office the undersigned at the Court House in said county, on Thursday, December 15th 1887, at 12 o'clock M., and answer or demur to the plaintiff's complaint, or judgment will be rendered in accordance therewith.

This is a proceeding begun by the plaintiff for the purpose of obtaining an order to sell certain real estate in Pasquotank county to make assets for the payment of outstanding debts against the estate of Geo W. Edney dec'd.

J. P. OVERMAN.
Nov'r 2 1887. Clerk Superior Court

Wanted

Agents to Sell the HISTORY of **THE BLACK PHALANX.**

No competition. The first of its kind to record the services of the Negro Soldiers during the wars 1775, 1812, 1861-65. No library complete without it. Sells fast to Whites and Blacks. Big profits. Agents report 30 to 90 sales per week. Don't miss this chance to make money. Send for circulars and liberal terms, or $1.00 for outfit. Distance no hinderance, as all freights are paid. Mention paper. AMERICAN PUB'G CO Hartford, Boston, Cincinnati, Chicago or St Louis.

FRIENDS' ELEMENTARY AND HIGH SCHOOL.

A Kindergarten, a Primary School, an Academy and Collegiate Institute for both Sexes.

McCulloh and Preston Sts. BALTIMORE.

18 PROFESSIONAL TEACHERS Employed. Specialist in each department.

24TH YEAR BEGAN NINTH MONTH (SEPTEMBER 6, 1886.

For Circulars address ELI M. LAMB, Principal, or E. EMERSON LAMB, Assistant Principal.

THIS PAPER may be found at the office of [illegible] Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising rates may be made for it IN NEW YORK.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

BILIOUSNESS

Is an affection of the Liver, and can be thoroughly cured by that Grand Regulator of the Liver and Biliary Organs,

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

MANUFACTURED BY
J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

I was afflicted for several years with disordered liver, which resulted in a severe attack of jaundice. I had as good medical attendance as our section affords, who failed utterly to restore me to the enjoyment of my former good health. I then tried the favorite prescription of one of the most renowned physicians of Louisville, Ky., but to no purpose; whereupon I was induced to try Simmons Liver Regulator. I found immediate benefit from its use, and it ultimately restored me to the full enjoyment of health.

A. H. SHIRLEY,
Richmond, Ky.

HEADACHE

Proceeds from a Torpid Liver and Impurities of the Stomach. It can be invariably cured by taking

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

Let all who suffer remember that

SICK AND NERVOUS HEADACHES

Can be prevented by taking a dose as soon as their symptoms indicate the coming of an attack.

FISH GILL NETS.

—0—

We invite the special attention of all Dealers and Fishermen to our (S), or broad S brand, as it is called by the Fishermen—of Flax Gilling Threads and Nets. This make and brand has given complete satisfaction for many years.

On and after this date, none are genuine without our name upon each package.

We guarantee its quality.

We would refer to our "Fishermen's Brand" of Cotton Gillings, made only by us; a strong and cheap Twine, making the coming Net for Shad fishing. Send for sample.

These Twines have an established reputation.

Call for these brands of your home merchant, or order of the

AMERICAN NET & TWINE CO.,

Home Office 43 Commercial St, Boston;

Branch Office 172 Fulton St, New York

Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

10-26

The Elizabeth City
Academy,

FOR BOTH SEXES,

Will Open its Tenth Annual Session On September 10th, 1887

FULL CORPS OF EXCELLENT TEACHERS.

Full and thorough courses of instruction. Music and Drawing taught by a thoroughly competent teacher.

Board and tuition for pupils of the intermediate course only $160.00 for 38 weeks. Send for catalogue.

S. L. SHEEP,
Principal.

PUBLIC SALE.

I will sell at Manteo, Dare county, N. C., on Tuesday,

The 8th day of November next, the Fishery and Material belonging thereto, situated at Little Haul Over, on Croatan, Dare county, N. C., belonging to Jos. W. Etheredge.

Terms Cash; or will be made to suit the purchaser upon good security.

J. W. ALBERTSON,
Eliz. City, Sep'r 7, 1887. Trustee.

ESSENTIAL OILS

SASSAFRAS, PENNYROYAL, WINTERGREEN, SPEARMINT, &C.

Bought for Net Cash, on receipt and approval, without charge for Commission, Brokerage, etc., by

DODGE & OLCOTT,
60 & 68 William Street New York
10-6m

HO! FOR THE CARS and the BOATS.

"COPPER'S HACK"

Makes regular connection with all the trains and the Steamboats, promptly meeting their arrival and departure. It notifie neither passengers nor baggage will be le

"McDonald's Hack,"

Makes regular connections with all the Trains and the Steamboats, promptly meeting their arrival and departure. It notified in time passengers nor baggage will be 1 ft.

Mme. DEMOREST'S

RELIABLE PATTERNS

Are the only ones that will give a perfect fitting garment.

MME. DEMOREST'S System of Dress Cutting.

Chart and Book of full directions, enabling any one to Cut and Fit perfectly.

PRICE, $3.00. Sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of price.

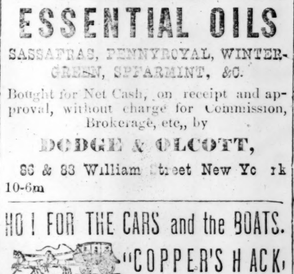
MME. DEMOREST'S PORTFOLIO OF FASHIONS AND WHAT TO WEAR

is a large Magazine of 80 pages of Fashion Notes and Styles, illustrated with about 1,000 Cuts. Sent, post-paid, for 25 cents.

THE Demorest Sewing Machine.

THIS STYLE ONLY

$19.50



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Nearly 50,000 sold and giving perfect satisfaction.

Don't pay other companies $40.00 profit on a machine NOT SO GOOD AS THE DEMOREST, but buy direct of the manufacturers. Sent C. O. D.

Write for Circulars.

DEMOREST FASHION and SEWING MACHINE CO.,
17 East 14th Street, New York City

JACOB SALOMONSKY

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The Grandest Display of

CLOTHING —and— DRESS GOODS

Ever Brought to Elizabeth City

The Stock is complete in every way, comprising of CLOTHING, DRESS GOODS, VELVETS, CASHMERES, NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, etc., all of which are guaranteed at the

Very Lowest Prices.

His ready made garments are equal to the best custom made, and perfect fits are made in all cases.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF GENTS FURNISINGGOCDS.

STORE ON WATER STREET,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

J. W. WHARTON,
WHOLESALE
COMMISSION DEALER
IN FRUIT, PRODUCE, FISH
Oysters, Terrapin, Poultry.
Eggs, Game, &c., In Season
No. 5 S. Delaware Avenue Market
FOOT OF DOCK STREET
PHILADELPHIA

Consignments solicited. Returns made promptly.

THE ALBEMARLE HOUSE,
Elizabeth City, N C.
Mrs. L. G. Underwood. Prop'r.

The attention of the traveling public is invited to this large and elegant Hotel. It is centrally located, within a block of the telegraph and post offices, and convenient to the railroad and steamboat

Mrs. UNDERWOOD spares no effort to make the ALBEMARLE a genuine *Home* for her patrons. The rooms are large, well furnished and carefully kept, and the table is of the best

Elizabeth City, two hours ride from Norfolk, presents especial attractions for the ourist, the invalid and home seeker.

WOODARD HOUSE
EDENTON' N. C.

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This well-established HOTEL still offer first class accommodations of the traveling public,

FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED

Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances Furnished when Desired Free Hacks to all Transand Steame

TERMS REASONABLE.

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ICE AND COAL!

Rawlins. Whitehurst & Co,

continue to supply ICE both in large and small quantities.

We are now receiving our supply of COAL, and will fill all orders promptly.

All coal is screened before leaving the yard. None but the best handled, and LOWEST PRICES guaranteed.

Office on Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C. FRED DAVIS
4-tf. Agent

NORFOLK
STEAM DYE WORKS.
113 MAIN ST., NORFOLK, VA.

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Gents' clothing cleansed, dyed and repaired. Ladies' dresses, shawls, etc., cleaned or dyed equal to new. Our dye is warranted not to smut or rub off. Branch office, 235 High street, Portsmouth, Va.

J. M. MARSHALL & CO.,
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H. HILGARTNER SONS
STEAM Marble & Granite Works
MONUMENTS, ETC,

Marble and Slate Mantels, Wainscoting Encaustic and Marble Tiling, Furniture & Counter Slabs, Etc., Etc.

526 & 528 West Baltimore
BALTIMORE, MD.

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J. H. ZIEGLER, Ag't, Elizabeth City, N C
L. F. ZIEGLER, Ag't, Edenton, N. C.

LUMBER WANTED

GIRARD SHIPPING CO
PHILADELPHIA
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

AUGUSTA EVANS WILSON'S
NEW BOOK!

It has been twelve years since this popular Authoress has written a book Mr. Dillingham takes pleasure in announcing that her new book—the best of all her works—a large volume of over 600 pages, beautifully bound, entitled

'AT THE MERCY OF TIBERIUS

IS NOW NEARLY READY,

Price, $2.00.

The many admirers of this gifted writer will hail with delight this NEW VOLUME

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MAGNIFICENT NOVELS.

BEULAH, $1.75
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GOOD RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED

For this new book, "AT THE MERCY OF TIBERIUS," on which LIBERAL TERMS will be given.

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ALWAYS SATISFACTORY

EIGHTEEN SIZES AND KINDS

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ELIZABETH CITY, N. C

D. F. DONOVAN'S
FURNRITUE and CARPET
HOUSE,
142 CHURCH STREET
NORFOLK, VA.

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New Mattings just Opening

NEW STOCK OF CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES AT PRICES TO ALL PARTIES.

Hoand Shades, 2 yards long will spring roller and nicke pull, at 50 cents.

A FULL LINE OF BED ROOM AND PARLOR SUITS ALWAYS ON HAND, AS WELL a Large Assortment of every Article in the

FURNITURE LINE.

Price List will be Furnished on Application.

HAIR MATTRESSES & FEATHER BEDS made to order. All other styles on hand and made to order at short notice.

Our Stock of Rugs & Carpets is Complet

Give Us a Trial.

SAMUEL C. PHILLIPS,
-39. Manager

FOR MAN AND **BEAST!**

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Muscles,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Eruptions,
Burns,	Stitches,	Hoof Ail,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Screw
Stings,	Backache,	Worms,
Bites,	Galls,	Swinney,
Bruises,	Sores,	Saddle Galls,
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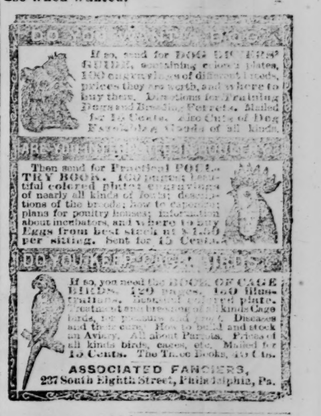
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its **universal applicability.** Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.
The Housewife needs it for general family use.
The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.
The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.
The Miner needs it in case of emergency.
The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.
The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.
The Steambont man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.
The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.
The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.
The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.
The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.
The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.
Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.
Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.
Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.



Have you need for DOGS Of EVERY BREED, Fancy or Useful? Then send for PRACTICAL DOGS. This interesting book of about 100 pages, describing over 75 different breeds, gives you much information about them, where to buy them, directions for training and for the treatment of Sick and Injured Dogs. Every lover of Dogs should have a copy. Mailed for 10 Cents. Address Office of Dog Fancier, 239 South Eighth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Then send for Practical POULTRY. THEY BOOK. This practical book of 100 pages, beautiful colored plates, engravings of nearly all kinds of fowls, descriptions of the best and how to breed them, plans for poultry houses, information about incubators, and where to buy Eggs from best strains, at prices from 50 cents per sitting, sent for 15 Cents.

Have you need for Practical BIRDS. This practical book of 100 pages, 100 illustrations, 100 plates, describing over 75 different species of Canaries, Parrots, Parakeets, Mocking Birds, Finches, Doves, Pheasants, Diseases and their treatment, Breeding and Rearing, Cages, Nests, Food, Baths, Cages, Aviaries, all about Parrots, Price of all kinds birds, cages, etc. Mailed for 10 Cents. The Three books, all for 25 Cents.

ASSOCIATED FANCIERS,
239 South Eighth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

THOUSANDS OF THE BEST
$38 GOLD WATCH
EVER MADE ARE SELLING IN OUR
CO-OPERATIVE CLUBS.
THIS IS THE BEST,
CHEAPEST,
MOST CONVENIENT

And only co-operative System of selling watches. The watches are American Lever Stem Winders, containing every essential to accuracy and durability, and have, in addition, numerous patented improvements found in no other watch. They are absolutely the only **Dust and Dampproof Movements** made in the World, and are jeweled throughout with GENUINE RUBIES. The **Patent Stem Wind and Set** is the strongest and simplest made. **They are fully equal for appearance, accuracy, durability and service, to any $75 Watch.**

Our Co-operative Club System brings them within the reach of every one.

We want an active, responsible representative in EVERY CITY and TOWN.

Heavy profits guaranteed on limited investment.

Write for full particulars.

THE KEYSTONE WATCH CLUB CO.

P. O. Box 928, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

REFERENCES:

Keystone National Bank; The City Trust Safe Deposit and Surety Co., or any Commercial Agency.

AGENCIES:

New York, N. Y.	Philadelphia, Pa.	Baltimore, Md.
Chicago, Ill.	Detroit, Mich.	St. Louis, Mo.
Pittsburgh, Pa.	Harrisburg, Pa.	Wilmington, Del.
Boston, Mass.	Denver, Col.	Etc., etc.

(Private Letter.)

DEAR JOHN:—It has been some time since I heard from you, and as I promised you in my last letter to let you know when I returned from the North with my stock of Goods, I thought there was no better time than now, as business still keeps up to the old standard, I am always having plenty to do.

We have some of the nicest Ready made Clothing in the City, and the charming part of it is, I bought them remarkably low, and intend to sell them cheap. We are selling Men's Suits from $3.00 up, and I tell you we have some beauties that we are selling very cheap. You know my motto always was TO SELL GOODS CHEAP, and I have just found out how I can sell them very reasonable and of good quality. We are having a fine run on our Fancy and Black Suits, as I bought a nice line of them; and as for our Overcoats, you ought to come over and see our stock; it would make you feel good to look at them, and we are selling them a way down in prices—can fit you up splendid.

I expected you over to the Fair and was prepared to show you a good time. Lots of your neighbors came and you can just bet your bottom dollar that some of them "saw the elephant" before they went away. You just ask your Cousin Joe how that fellow took him in, and see if he doesn't tell you something that will make you laugh! Why actually he bet $20 on the black horse and lost, and before he left I had to let him have a V to see him home; but you just keep this to your self, but ask him which horse beat in the $300 race?

Tell Joe that I want to sell him some of our nice Dress Goods for his wife and daughters. We have one of the nicest lines of Goods in that line in the City. Our line consists of the following goods:

FLANNELS,
TRECOTS,
CASHMERES,
SILKS & LACES,
STUPED VELVETS,
FANCY VELVETS,
ASKERTANS,
PLUSHES,
ALAPACAS,
HAMBURG EDGING,
ETC., ETC.

We have just received a nice line of Cashmeres that we are selling at the low price of 10c, and a better line for 12½c, and others at prices to suit anybody. Our prices are so moderate that any one can now buy a nice dress from us; and just to think, we have some of the nicest ROBES IN CALICOES, of 12 yards to the piece, that we are selling for 75 cents, with buttons thrown in. These Robes consists of 6 yards for overskirt and 6 yards for underskirt, with the shades to match. They are beauties, and I know if you bring your wife over I will be able to sell her about two or three of these patterns; so do not be too long before you come.

By the way, I had almost forgotten to tell you about our line of Ladies Cloaks, Newmarkes and Wraps. We have THE LARGEST NICEST AND CHEAPEST LINE IN THE CITY. We can sell them cheaper than any one else, for I bought them direct from the manufacturer,

We have some very nice New Markets for $4.00 and $4.50, and some beauties in Wraps for $5.00. Our line is so large that we are compelled to sell them cheap in order to run them off. You will do me a favor by telling some of your neighbors how cheap we are selling goods; tell them to come over and look; that I will be pleased to see them even if they do not want to buy, for I know full well that once they come to see me they cannot resist the temptation.

I have just received a new line of Corsets; let me send over one of our 25c ones for you to look at. I bought a lot of them and got them right down in price and now I am selling lots of Ladies Corsets at 25c and up.

And for Boots and Shoes, our line was never so complete as this season. We are selling lots of them and are receiving new goods every day. I would write more but will continue in my next, so bye, bye, as ever your friend

H. WEISEL,

Leader of Low Prices,

Head of Water Street.

NEAR THE DOCK.

The North Carolinian.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1887

ELIZABETH CITY CHURCHES

EPISCOPAL. ——— ———.—Rector. Service on Sundays at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. All cordially invited

METHODIST. Rev. J. T. Whitley, Pastor. Service on Sundays at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. A cordial invitation to all. Seats free.

BAPTIST. Rev. George Baker, Pastor. Service on Sundays at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. Seats free. Invitation extended to all.

A. M. E. ZION. Rev. S. F. Dickson, Pastor. Service every Sunday at 2:30 P. M., and 7. P. M

A LIBERAL OFFER.

We have effected arrangements by which we will be able to furnish a copy of the Weekly National Republican, the leading paper at the National Capital, free to all new advance paying subscribers to the CAROLINIAN: that is, for $1.50, paid in advance, we will send both papers one year. This offer will also apply to all old subscribers who make themselves square upon our books.

☞Stop growling,

☞Roll up your sleeves and go to work.

☞Hyde county Superior Court at Swan Quarter, next week.

☞Court opens at Manteo to-day. The Judge and lawyers went down yesterday.

☞Mat H. White, of Hertford, took his trotters to the Murfreesboro Fair this week.

☞The Jackson farm, near Nixonton, was purchased last week by Mr. C. L. Weeks. Price $2500.

☞We are glad to know that more wheat will be sown this fall than has been done for a number of years.

☞The Nimrods of Shiloh, Camden county, say if one of them don't catch at least nine possums, they don't consider it "a good night for possuming."

☞Mrs. Goodale, the celebrated lecturer on Temperance, reached here on Monday and spoke in the Methodist Church at night, and again at the Baptist Church last night. She is a pleasing, entertaining and eloquent speaker.

☞If proper facilities are not secured to bring to and concentrate at Elizabeth City the greater part of the Sound country trade, who is to blame? If a large part of this traffic is allowed to go to other points, whose fault is it? These are pertinent questsons for our leading business men to seriously consider.

☞The Dramatic Club of Plymouth recently gave public entertainments for the benefit of the Reform Club of that place. The plays are spoken of in the hightest terms of praise, especially the parts performed by Mr. A. C. Lehman and Miss Annie Yeager.

☞Rev. Dr. Manley informs us that an effort is being made to hold a Colored Fair here next fall. We are glad of it and any aid we can render will be most cheerfully given. A well managed Fair will prove of immense benefit to our colored people. Let them be encouraged in the undertaking.

☞A legacy, amounting to nearly $1000, having been left by the late Mrs. Cann for the purpose of building a Presbyterian Church in Elizabeth City, the members of that denomination residing here have purchased a lot on Road street, nearly opposite the residence of C. W. Grady esq. and arrangements are in active progress to erect a place for worship thereon. The CAROLINIAN wishes them abundant success.

☞The *Economist* says, "the internal revenue laws should be immediately repealed." The CAROLINIAN has been saying so lo! these several years. But Speaker Carlisle and other influential leaders of the Democratic party say NO! and the swarm of "blue bottles" in North Carolina re echo the hum and

"buzz in the peoples ears"

no! no!! Their occupation, at $4 and $5 per diem, would be gone!

☞Be ready. Jack Frost will soon give his annual grand reception, He is a fashionable old fellow—punctual as destiny and as grasping as the tax gatherer Set your homes in order. See that everything is made snug and warm. Repair all broken glasses, for the old fellow more frequently enters by broken panes, small cracks and deficient walls than he does by the front door. Of all visitors, it is unsafe and uncomfortable for old Jack to call before you are ready. Death to all vegetation, which rides on the chilling winds, is already whispering in our ears. The leafy ornaments of groves and forests are fleeing before his breath. Prepare. Get ready.

☞Realizing that as the agriculture of the Albemarle District is improved and those engaged in it prosper every legitimate interest is promoted, the CAROLINIAN, "in season and out of season," has been earnestly doing what it could to awaken the farmers to a fuller appreciation of the situation and to a sense of the possibilities within their reach. That there has been a steady progress is true, but it has not been, is not yet what it should be. The attempt to cultivate too much land and to put the manure and labor on three acres that should go on one have been mistakes. This course has not paid; it never will. As in all things else, so in farming, that which is worth doing at all is worth doing well.

☞Farmers! Resolve to raise all your own supplies for 1888.

☞Cleanliness and order are among the first and best methods of happiness in every household.

—FOR RENT: The Store Room recently occupied by Cooper & Swain, corner Main and Poindexter streets. Apply to
D. S. KRAMER

☞Life can be made something besides a constant fret and strain if one uses a little forethought.

—M. Weisel has a beautiful selection of Carpets, which he is offering to the trade at astonishingly low prices

☞There are three channels which carry away most or all or the profits of business unless carefully hemmed in—personal expenses, family expenses, useless business expenses. They must each be determinedly limited, if a secure financial position is hoped for.

—M. Weisel has a Ladies Shoe called the JEWEL made of bright Dongola, he is selling at $2.00, worth $2.50.

☞It isn't a healthy sign to see so many idle people on the street corners. Every healthy, able-bodied boy and man should find something to do. Better work for smaller wages than not to work at all.

—FOR RENT. The office now occupied by Judge Pool in 2d story of the CAROLINIAN Building. Possession given January 1, 1888.

☞When our opinion on any subject is solicited we try to state it honestly, and when our advice is asked we give it exactly as our best judgement dictates.

☞There never was a time when so much was being done in the interest of intelligent agriculture—never a time when so many scientific men were engaged in experiments bearing upon the different branches of the subject, and in no department of science have such beneficial results been obtained.

☞After thirty years of experience on the editorial tripod, we are prepared to fully endorse the following from an observant public man:

Take the enemies that any well conducted newspaper makes in the course of business and stand them up in a row and the balance of the community will say that the editor ought to be proud that they are his enemies.

—OPENING: The Opening of Fall and Winter Millinery at Mrs. M. Hill's on Thursday and Friday, Oct. 13th and 14th.

☞If Madam Rumor can be relied on, notwithstanding the "hard times" the honorable estate of matrimony, with its supreme felicities, is engaging the very serious attention of certain of our young town folks. This is as it should be, for

"—marriage, rightly understood,
Gives to the tender and the good
A paradise below."

—There is no need of any one sending away for hats, as M. Weisel, agt., has a stock from which every one can be suited, both in style and price.

☞We have received a letter making the following inquiry:

"Are there no Drug Stores in Elizabeth City? I see none advertised in the CAROLINIAN. I sometimes want to send for things in that line but do not know of whom to make the order."

Yes, there are three Druggist here, but they do not appear to care to be known outside of town.

—Mrs. H. Murphy respectfully announces that she is ready to receive pupils in Free Hand sketching and Oil Painting. Special terms to teachers.

☞We have received a letter from a gentleman who was at our Fair, and who has attended several others this Fall in which, among other things he says;

"The Fair at Elizabeth City, taking all in all, was the best I have visited. The exhibits were really good, the management very satisfactory and the track decidedly the best of all. Had the weather been auspicious what a big attendance there would have been!"

☞The man who loves his home is sensitive of its honor, sensitive of its good name; and he will stand up before all the world to defend that honor and that name—perchance be carried into passion, and very likely in his zeal and head, trespass closely upon the border line of truth. But his own honor and his own name are closely knit with the home, and the contest he makes on its behalf is nothing short of a contest in behalf of his own manhood.

—MRS. WHITE respectfully invites the ladies to call and examine her new Fall and Winter Millineries. Styles are ever on the wing, especially so this season; birds and feathers form a conspicuous part of a ladie's head-wear; also handsome Ostrich Tips in two colors. Velvets, plushes, Moire silks and fancy changeable ribbons are largely used. The little Sailors are on the go both straw and felt, simply or elaborately trimmed. Orders filled with promptness.

☞The editor of the CAROLINIAN is well aware that a goodly number of his patrons and readers do not entirely agree with him in his political sentiments, but he feels confident that they concede to him sincerity and honest conviction. They do not take and read the paper expecting to endorse all the editor says, but because in every issue there is so much that they do sanction and approve. Its main aim and leading purpose has been and continues to be the developing of the industries of the town and district and the promotion of the material interests of all the people, and in this field they recognize it as a useful factor.

☞Resolve to be independent; to be under obligations to no one; to make your own living.

☞The Fair at Tarboro opened yesterday. The weather permitting, it will continue four days.

☞How true are the following lines of Whittier:

The riches of the commonwealth
Are free, strong minds and hearts of health.
And more to her than gold or grain,
The cunning hand and cultured brain.

☞It has been humorously yet forcibly said, that he who "has loved for himself has the privilege of being his own mourner." Nobody respects him when living, and no one has any occasion for respect when he is dead.

☞The soil is the farmer's bank and the fertilizers are his bank deposits, Many farmers draw too lavishly upon nature's deposits; if they do not wish to become bankrupt they must increase their deposits by returning to the soil everything that can be saved in the shape of fertilizers.

☞We have good schools and good churches. Our people are lawabiding, social and hospitable. The necessaries of life and all kinds of merchandize can be obtained as cheaply as anywhere. And while there is no call for drones or idlers, there is plenty of room here for men of vim, push and energy.

☞Some people forget that the object of a Fair is not to give every exhibitor a premium, but rather for the visitors to see what the section produces and the people manufacture. A social moralist of ancient times once said the things that are seen make a more lasting impression than those heard. That is as true to day as when it was uttered. Each farmer bringing samples of his best endourages good farming and the raising of good stock. Inquiry is awakened, the "how it was done" is investigated, and the practical lessons learned are utilized.

— A second hand double-seated two horse Carriage forsale, very cheap. Inquire at this office.

LOCAL MENTION.

Mrs. Clara Bradford left on Thursday on a visit to Philadelphia.—Miss Lessie Grandy arrived from Washington city on Friday on a visit to her parents.—Miss Marcie Albertson takes charge of a school at Rose Dale.—The floating saw mill, lying so long in Poindexter creek, was purchased last week by W. H, Steinhelper, a Northern gentleman who has located at Newberne.—What foundation is there in the rumors about Poindexter creek bridge? City Fathers, are you having a *good* job done?—Zimmerman has started the foundation for a large Warehouse on one of his river lots.—Mr. Sherrell, agent of Hitchcock's Analysis of the Bible, is now delivering the work to his many subscribers in this locality. An examination of our copy satisfies us that it is all it was promised to be.—The four saw mills here are manufacturing an immense amount of lumber.—Mr. H. D. Kipp and wife, of Kalamazoo, Michigan, are visiting their daughter Mrs John A. Kramer.—Emanuel Davis has been employed to do the brick work of the new Court House at Windsor. He sent on his portion Monday and expects to finish to day.

The lake propeller "Vernon" was wrecked near Manitowoc, Wis., Saturday, and all on board perished.

Joseph Fuller, a seaman in the United States navy, residing at Newburyport, Mass., has been allowed a pension for total blindness from Oct. 27, 1863, payable at the Boston agency. The first payment is $13, 085.

A certificate was filed in the county clerk's office at New York Thursday, setting forth that the Western Union Telegraph Company, through its directors, has increased its capital $5,000,000. This makes the total stock $86;200 500.

Receipts from Customs Sources.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Commissioner of Customs McCalmont, in his annual report for the year ending June 30, 1887, shows that treasury receipts for the year from customs sources aggregated $218,619,391. Of this amount $216 723,716 were from customs duties, $562,191 from tonnage tax and $258,402 receipts for the immigration fund. The expense for collecting customs revenues for the year was $6,370,804.

The period of teething is the most dangerous to young children. They should then have extra attention and occasional doses of Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup.

The purity of the ingredients and the accuracy of the combination in Laxador, coupled with the important fact that it is free from any deleterious substance, is a strong argument for its adoption as the remedy for all diseases of the liver. Price 25c.

Excitement in Texas.

Great excitement has been caused in the vicinity of Paris, Tex., by the remarkable recovery of Mr. J. E. Corley, who was so helpless he could not turn in bed, or raise his head everybody said he was dying of Consumption. A trial bottle of Dr King's New Discovery was sent him. Finding relief, he bought a large bottle and a box of Dr. King's New Life Pills; by the time he had taken two boxes of Pills and two bottles of the Discovery he was well and had gained in flesh thirty-six pounds. Trial bottle of this Great Discovery, free at Wood & Wadsworth.

OUR BOYS AND GIRLS.

CONDUCTED BY "COUSIN EVELEEN."

Our young people made merry at the Academy Friday evening Nov. 4th. A Grand Musical Soiree, followed by an oyster supper gave pleasure to everybody happy enough to get there, besides the pretty sum of money acquired for the Methodist Parsonage Society.

The Girls looked "too lovely for anything." Attired in evening costume, they cut rivalled the roses of the Sunny South. Each one looked the prettiest in turn as the eyes dwelt first on one, then on the other. Yet beautiful as they were, the beauty of their sweet voices, carefully cultured and of natural power, held a rival and successful claim on our rapt attention

Miss Gracie Melick in cream satin with helitrope trimming sang Marguerite with expression and great sweetness. Miss Mattie Guirkin in cream lace sang My Love is a Sailor Lad. The singing and accompainment by Mrs. Thompson were both unusually fine. The sound of the waves dashing against the rocks was given on the instrument, and the singers call "Ahoy!" was beautifully rendered. Both of these ladies have shared the advantages of a musical course at the Boston Conservatory of Music.

Miss Sallie Brooks was lovely in blue satin and white lace with diamonds. The instrumental duet Moonlit Sea, performed by Miss Brooks and Miss Guirken was one of the gems of the occasion. Sweet Heather Bell by Mrs. Pappendick was vociferously applauded by an appreciative audience; being called back she gracefully sung the first verse over again.

Miss Commander sung When the Pansies Droop and Die with melodious voice, and charming manner. A large bouquet of fragrant flowers was handed to the fair singer and she was recalled. She responded by singing the same song over again. Our fair and gifted singers must prepare for the encore. Any simple ballad may be given. It is not necessary or usual to repeat. *Le Grande Success* of the evening was White Wings solo and quartette led by Mrs. Pappendick. Mrs P's voice soared like the warbling of a bird, and her support was all that could be wished. Four gentlemen assisted in the concert and deserve a great deal more praise than we shall bestow on them. We hope they will not feel that they have been left too much in the background. They may remember that the bridegroom is not much noticed at a wedding. Yet he is the most important person there—not excepting the bride! Mr. Patterson, Mr. Greene, Mr. Whitcomb and Mr. Sanderson performed their parts to the admiration of all. We hope this concert is only a beginning of many more this winter.

Mrs. Zimmerman has returned from the Convention and promises us an itemized report next week. She speaks in glowing terms of Mrs. Woolley or State President, as a refined and graceful woman, who presided over the Convention with ease and dignity.

All over the world the women are organizing and watching and praying for the overthrow of the manufacture and sale of Alcohol. It is of no use to point out "some women who—" *It is because of these women.*

It rouses the most timid to view the awful inroads made by the "Serpent of the Still." In the late World's Convention in Indianapolis one thousand Quaker women rose to signify their adherance to the Prohibition Party. Why did they do so? Was it a hope for preferment or a desire for change of government? O no! A pure self-sacrificing spirit moved them, moves all the W. C. T. U,—a desire that temptation be removed from the path of those loved and honored by them, as husbands, fathers, brothers and sons.

I, T, points out slight error in Rex of F. City's charade. Thanks, Write again.

COUSIN EVELEEN

ANSWERS TO PUZZLES OF NOV 2

To Enigma by Fanny—Read the Bible. To Charade by Rex of E. City—Tournament. To Decapitations by M—No. 1. Cheap. No. 2. Town.

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By M.
Wood.
N.

If you read this rebus true
The name of a business man you'll view.

ROYAL
FULL WEIGHT ROYAL BAKING POWDER ABSOLUTELY PURE
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BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powder. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co, 106 Wall Street, New York.

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The Best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect sefaction or money refunded, Price 25 cents per box FOR SALE BY WOOD & WADSWORTH.

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SALVATION OIL
KILLS PAIN
"The Greatest Cure on Earth for Pain." Will relieve more quickly than any other known remedy: Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Stiff Neck, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Lumbago, Pleurisy, Sores, Frost-bites, Backache, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Sciatica, Wounds, Headache, Toothache, Sprains, etc. Price 25 cts. a bottle. Sold by all druggists. Caution.—The genuine Salvation Oil bears our registered Trade-Mark, and our fac-simile signature. A. C. Meyer & Co., Sole Proprietors, Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will cure you. Cough at once. Price only 25 Cts. a bottle

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Edenton Accomodation, daily except on Sunday leaves at 7 o'clock A. M., and returning, arrives 8,15 P. M.

The above Trains, which are Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, arrive at and depart from the Depot of the Norfolk Western Railroad at Norfolk.

Close connections at No folk with all rail and steamer lines.

At Elizabeth City—With steamboats for all points on Pasquotank, North, Alligator, Pamlico, Tar and Neuse rivers.

At Edenton—With N. S. R. R. Co's steam boats Plymouth, M. E. Roberts and Danger for all points on Croatan, comprising Little, Cashie and Roanoke rivers, and Jamesville & Washington, and Albemarle & Raleigh railroads, and with Steamer Keystone tri-weekly for Hamilton, Williamston, Murfreesboro and all landings on the Chowan and Meherin Rivers.

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Through tickets on sale and baggage checked between the principal stations and Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York by Bay line and Old Dominion steamers and N. Y. and N. S. R. R. from Norfolk, and between Norfolk and Washington, Plymouth, Williamston, Windsor and Jamesville.

M. K. KING, General Manager.

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FAST FREIGHT LINE.

Regular line of Steamers between Atlantic and North Carolina R. R., Newberne, Washington and Elizabeth City.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through Cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

☞Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina despatch, as follows: From Norfolk, by Norfolk Southern Railroad; Baltimore by P. W. & B. R. R., President St., Station Philadelphia by Pennsylvania R. R., Dock St., station; New York by Pena'a R. R., Pier 27 North River.

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Elizabeth City, N. C. Agent.

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SUPERINTENDENT DISMAL SWAMP CANAL
Norfolk, Va. Oct'r 14, 1885.

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The Locks will admit 90 feet, and 16½ breadth of beam.

Rafts secured with chains must not be over 14 feet wide; secured with binders, not over 12 feet wide. They must be well secured to satisfaction of the Canal authorities.

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HOME MADE TIN WARE.
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HARD TIMES DON'T TROUBLE US,
And they will not trouble you if you will come and trade with us.
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Your wants and make our prices suit the times.
NOISY COMPETITION
Has no chance of scaring us. Goods well bought are half sold.
We Have Bought Well
And now we ask you to give us a call and look over our stock of
Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes,
HATS, CARPETS, ETC.
When you have looked it over carefully and inquired the prices, you will say that
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This is not blaster. It is solemn truth. Our prices are low in the look, but the quality is higher than the highest
Save Your Dollars
by trading with us. We are always ready to see you.
MOSES WEISEL,
CORNER MAIN & WATER STREETS, ELIZABETH CITY N. C.

Wholesale Department.
FOWLER & CO. have opened a Wholesale Dry goods, Notions and Shoe Department above their Retail Store, and invite the Merchants of Eastern Carolina to call and examine Goods. Prices Guaranteed.

Carpet Department.
Back of their Shoe Store FOWLER & CO. have opened a Carpet Room, where you will find Brussels, Tapestry, Ingrains, Cotton and Hemp Carpets, Mattings, Smyrna, Tapestry and Oil Rugs and Mats, and Floor Oil Cloth 1 to 2 yards wide.

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Back of their Dry Goods Store FOWLER & CO., have opened a Cloak and Clothing Department, where you can get Ladies and Childrens Cloaks & Wraps from Plush Cloaks at $20, down to $3.50.

FOWLER & CO., have 1300 feet more Space now to do business in and their customers will find their Dry Goods Store now comfortable and a larger variety of Dress Goods, Trimmings, Underwear, Blankets and Notions and Gents Furnishing Goods, &c., &c., to select from than ever before.

FOWLER & CO'S, Shoe Store is over run with Boots, Shoes and Hats, but every one who comes is politely waited on. Mail orders promptly filled.

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If you have not called on him do so at once; he will save you money
Dupont's Powder, Seal N. C. Smoking Tobacco, Jones Iced Cakes and Crackers, Harrison Bros & Co's R. M. Paints, Atmor's Mince Meat and Englis Plum Pudding, Sold at Factory Prices.
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HOUSEHOLD FURNISHING TIN-WARE, WOODEN-WARE CUTLERY, PICTURES, NOVELTIES, LAMPS FLOOR & TABLE OIL CLOTH, WALL PAPER, BASKETS, CHILDRENS' CARRIAGES
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Strong, simple, well balanced. All have Top Lever, Low Hammers, Rebounding Locks, Interchangeable Parts, Extension Rib, Self-Fastening Compensating Fore End, Rubber Butt Plate.
Close Hard Shooting Guns at Long Range a Specialty.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR.
ITHACA GUN CO., ITHACA, N. Y.

A FATAL EXPLOSION.

Eight Persons Killed and Many Injured in St. Louis.

A Two-Story Brick Building Completely Demolished.

A flash, followed by a dull roar and then the crash of walls, convulsed the centre of St. Louis at 2:03 the other morning. An explosion of gasoline in the rear of the cellar of Michael Newman's grocery store, 15 South Fourteenth street, had lifted the two-story building from its foundation and dropped it back again in ruins, beneath which were buried eighteen persons.

Instantly killed—Michael Newman, grocer, aged 52; Mrs. Annie Newman, aged 40; John Newman, aged 16; Kate Newman, aged 11; Eddie Newman, aged 13; Charles N. Deveere, traveling salesman, aged 40; Mrs. Charles N. Deveere, Mrs. Agnes Beasley.

Wounded—Miss Mamie Newman, aged eighteen, fatally hurt; Miss Nellie Newman, recovery doubtful; Miss Hattie Brown, Columbus, Ky., will recover.

The building, a two-story brick, was completed but a short time ago. All of the upstairs portion was occupied as tenements. Mr. Newman and his family of six lived over the store. The force of the explosion was terrific. The entire block of buildings across the alley from the building in which the explosion took place where gutted by the blast. The ruins of the Newman block were covered by the roof, which had settled down upon the heap of debris and formed a barrier through which the rescuers had to cut a way. Threatening walls on either side overhung ready to crush the gallant men who hurried to the spot.

The roof was soon demolished, and in the debris were revealed the mangled forms of Newman's family. Two young women, Newman's daughters, were first removed. Mamie, eighteen years of age, was still alive, but mangled from the timbers and charred by the fire that followed the explosion; she was beyond the hope of recovery. Her sister Nellie, a girl of fifteen years, moaned piteously for her sister, and seemed to forget her own desperate injuries. For the half hour that these two were imprisoned their efforts had been to draw near to each other. The rest of the Newman family were dead. Some sat upright, and others were doubled in their beds. Life had evidently fled while they were asleep.

In the same building lived Charles N. Deveere, a traveling salesman, and his wife. Visiting them was Miss Hattie Brown, of Columbus, Ky. She was badly injured, but miraculously escaped death. She awoke to find herself buried beneath heavy timbers, somewhere against a wall. She is unable to tell where she was thrown, but when her eyes opened, she beheld a thrilling scene. On one side flames were rising, while crashing timbers and the clatter of iron caused dangerous missiles to fly about her head. The screams of those in the adjoining buildings rang in her ears. She tried to escape, but found her efforts baffled. She was firmly pinned down by a beam and an iron rod. She could not tell what means she employed to get out, but as she twisted and struggled in vain, the fire was blown toward her until her hair was singed. Just as she sank back in despair, the ruins settled, and the overhanging timbers were raised from the limbs which they had imprisoned. No time was to be lost, as the fire pressed close around her. With an extraordinary effort Miss Brown sprang to her feet, and staggering, falling, and rolling, she made her way through the ruins without knowing where she was going. She finally reached the yard in the rear, whence she ran to a neighbor's house, and, climbing through a balcony, sank down in a swoon. A neighbor found her there and carried her into the street, where a skirt and some other clothing were given to her. She went down to the scene of the explosion and remained there in agony, eagerly scanning the charred and bruised faces as the firemen carried the victims from the ruins.

With Mrs. Bryant, on the second floor, lived two boarders, Charles Eifferd and Mrs. Beasley. Mrs. Beasley was buried so deeply in the debris that the search for her was given up until the others were removed. Charles Eifferd was taken out alive and he will recover. The body of Charles N. Deveere was found in the debris and removed to the Morgue.

Besides those injured in this building there were many persons in the neighborhood who were more or less cut and bruised. For several blocks on either side of the streets the concussion shattered the windows, and in the immediate vicinity on the opposite side of the way, the fronts of the buildings were smashed in, and scarcely a window or a door remains. Walls cracked, floors gave way, and plaster fell in almost every house within a radius of a hundred yards.

The general belief is that escaping gas filled the cellar, and that Mr. Newman kept a quantity of kerosene oil and gasoline in the cellar near where the explosion evidently took place. The vessels and the oil, if there was any, have been destroyed, and the only man that knows is dead.

MODERN CRUSOES.

Castaways Living Four Months on an Uninhabited Island.

On March 20th last, the iron bark Derry Castle, belonging to Limerick, Ireland, left Geelong for Falmouth with wheat. No trace of her could be found at any port, and she was posted at Lloyds as missing. On September 22 eight survivors of the Derry Castle's crew reached Melbourne on the sealer Awarsa. They stated that the missing bark had been cast away on Enderby Island, one of the Aukland group, eight days after commencing the homeward voyage. The Captain, both mates, and twelve seamen were drowned in trying to reach the reef. Seven of the crew and the only passenger, James McGhie, endured for five months a series of privations and adventures which seldom occur in real life. The scene of the wreck is rarely visited by vessels. The survivors had no food except shell fish, which were very scarce, and they had but little covering. The island was explored, and the party was much cheered by finding on the other side of the harbor a small hut, which, it appears, was formerly used as a depot for stores for shipwrecked seamen. The place was opened with the expectation of finding food, but it was a terrible disappointment to find that all it contained was a pint bottle of salt. The New Zealand Government had maintained four depots for relief of castaways, but lately dispensed with all but one on the mainland at Port Ross. To Port Ross, which was in sight, the survivors strained their eyes in hopeless yearning to reach it, but they had no means of making a boat. Fire was finally obtained by discharging a cartridge found in one of the men's pockets. Life was maintained by parching wheat which was washed ashore from the cargo of a wrecked bark. On the ninety-second day an old axehead was discovered in the sand. By its means efforts were made to construct a boat or oblong box, Calking was done with odds and ends of rope, and yarn was driven into the seams with a piece of hoop iron. The boat was eventually launched. Two of the party pushed off from the shore in hope of reaching Port Ross. The effort was successful, and soon signal fires at Port Ross told that help was at hand. On July 19 the shipwrecked men were transferred to the mainland and their sufferings were at an end.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

A RESIDENT of Brooklyn, N. Y., has a collection of 16,000 butterflies.

THE seventh International Congress of Hygiene will be held in London in 1891.

The enrolled school population of the South has increased 300 per cent, since 1870.

DR. WM. A. HAMMOND says that there are 500 doctors in New York city more than are needed.

ONE Florida county expects to pay this year from $1,000 to $1,500 for wildcat and bear scalps.

THE petroleum refiners of the United States consume about 9,000,000 pounds of sulphuric acid per month.

THERE are 181 Medical Colleges in the United States, with an aggregate attendance of 15,000 students.

THE total United States crop of peanuts this season will equal 2,825,000 bushels, against 400,000 bushels in 1873.

MONTANA paid during the present year in bounties for the killing of squirrels, wolves, prairie dogs, bears and coyotes, $96,625.10.

THERE are now 23,000 fewer Irish soldiers in the British army than there were twenty years ago. Englishmen have taken their places.

A MASTODON tusk, four feet long, has recently been placed in the public museum in Milwaukee. It was found at Dover, Wisconsin.

THE chestnut crop this year is good, and about ten or fifteen per cent. larger than last year's which was somewhat short, but there is no surplus.

A RESTAURANT has been opened in London for the exclusive patronage of people who are afflicted with corpulence, the food being entirely anti-fat.

ANOTHER bicycler has wheeled across the continent to San Francisco, one Gray, who left New York in June, and arrived in the Golden Gate City early in October.

NEWS SUMMARY

Eastern and Middle States.

THE Reading Railroad Company has advanced the price of coal twenty-five cents a ton.

THE fifteenth National Women's Congress has just been held in New York. Mrs. Julia Ward Howe was re-elected President.

TEEMER beat Gaudaur half a mile in a boat race on Lake Maranacook, Me.

REAR ADMIRAL J. W. A. NICHOLSON, of the United States Navy, died at his home in New York a few mornings ago. He was sixty-seven years of age, and had been for four years on the retired list.

JAY GOULD, the noted New York financier, has sailed for Europe.

GEORGE J. KELLY, a Boston *Globe* reporter, was choked to death by a piece of meat lodging in his throat while eating his supper in a Cambridge (Mass.) restaurant.

A VEIN of coal worth $3,000,000 has just been found in South Wilkesbarre, Penn., at a distance of 1,100 feet below the surface, the deepest shaft in Pennsylvania.

South and West.

TWO convicts were killed and three wounded, one mortally, while trying to escape from prison at Yuma, Arizona. Superintendent Gates was badly wounded.

A TRAIN which arrived in Chicago from New York a few days since contained a closed carriage that had been shipped from the latter city. In the carriage was found the body of a young man who had evidently been murdered.

J. E. SMITH, the express messenger who recently killed two train robbers near El Paso, Texas, was paid $2,000 by order of Governor Ross as a reward for his act. Smith will probably get $2,000 more from the express company and $1,000 from the railroad company, making a total of $5,000.

W. H. REYNOLDS, an Ohio editor, was shot and killed in Orange Township by James Mason, brother of D. C. Mason, who was plaintiff in a libel suit against Reynolds. The murderer was arrested.

CHARLESTON, S. C., has been celebrating its recovery from the earthquake disaster of a little over a year ago. Since that time the city has been practically rebuilt.

ANTONIO INFANTES, an aeronaut, fell 500 feet by the collapse of a balloon at St. Louis, and was instantly killed.

THE Third National Bank, of St. Paul, Minn., has suspended.

MAG SHERMAN, a colored woman, was shot dead in court at Airmount, Miss., by Sell Boyle, a young white man, against whom she had made a charge of assault.

AT Lagro, Ind., the Rev. Andrew Luce, a Presbyterian minister, swooned away and died while the Rev. Mr. Kanouse was offering prayer.

THE guests at a merry-making in George C. King's house, near Lamar, La., were all taken violently sick after supper. Six white persons—five men and one woman—and one colored man died, and many others, at last accounts, were dangerously ill.

Washington.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND has been selected as arbitrator to decide a boundary dispute between Nicaragua and Costa Rica.

COMMANDER D. B. HARMONY, Chief of the National Bureau of Yards and Docks, says in his annual report that the estimates for the next year which were submitted by the commandants of the different navy yards and stations aggregated $5,045,782, but after examination at the bureau this figure has been reduced to $1,720,783.

THE receipts of the Government for October amounted to $31,803,172, and the expenditures to $12,474,452, being an excess of receipts of $19,328,520.

THE President has received a notable deputation from Great Britain, who desire his co-operation in securing a treaty between that country and the United States which shall provide for the amicable settlement of disputes by arbitration. Ten members of the British Parliament were in the deputation. The President promised his co-operation in the plan for arbitration as a means of settling international disputes.

COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE COLEMAN asserts that Brooklyn, New York, and Baltimore have for forty years been plague spots from which pleuro pneumonia in cattle has been spread throughout the country.

DURING October the public debt was decreased $16,877,625, leaving the total debt, less cash in the Treasury, at $1,238,692,701. Net cash in the Treasury, $56,758,704.

Foreign.

GENERAL NUR-MAHOMED, companion of the Afghan pretender, Ayoub Khan, in his flight from Teheran, has been captured and publicly hanged at Herat.

THE appeal of Editor William O'Brien, the Irish Home Rule leader, against the sentence of three months' imprisonment imposed on him by the Mitchellstown court, has been refused and the sentence of the lower court confirmed. Mr. O'Brien was convicted of using seditious language, under the Crimes act, at a National League meeting at Mitchellstown. There was a fierce struggle in court between the people and the police guarding Mr. O'Brien.

DE LESSEPS, projector of the Panama Canal, says the great ditch will be formally opened on February 3, 1890.

A VIOLENT storm has done an immense amount of damage to shipping along the coasts of Great Britain and France.

THE town of Kluzin, in Minsk, Russia, has been totally destroyed by fire. Three hundred and fifty houses were burned and many lives were lost.

LATER NEWS.

NAVAL SURGEON GEORGE ARTHUR fell from a train near Salem, Va., and was instantly killed. He was on his way from Washington to Shelbyville, Tenn., to be married.

DAVID SCOTT, one of the best known men in the New York paper trade, has fled to Canada after robbing the firm of which he was a member, and others, of over $100,000.

THREE little grandchildren of T. S. Oliver were burned to death in Faulkner County, Ark. The little ones were alone in a building at the time.

THE United States Supreme Court unanimously denied the petition of the condemned Chicago Anarchists for a writ of error.

THE Irish Prison Board at Dublin directed that Mr. O'Brien must wear the prison uniform and be treated in every way as an ordinary prisoner.

Now serving their first term at Sing Sing prison there are 1,108 convicts; serving second term, 209; third term, 72; fourth term, 19, fifth term, 10; sixth term, 3; seventh term, 2; tenth term, 2. All States are represented except California, Nevada and Oregon.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.			44
Beef, good to prime		7¾ @	8
Calves, common to prime		5 @	8½
Sheep		5½ @	4½
Lambs		5½ @	6¾
Hogs—Live		5 @	5¼
Dressed		6½ @	6¾
Flour—Ex. St., good to fancy	4 25	@ 4	40
West, good to choice	3 50	@ 4	85
Wheat—No. 2 Red		83¼ @	83½
Rye—State		56 @	58
Barley—State		97 @	98
Corn—Ungraded Mixed		53½ @	54
Oats—White State		33½ @	37
Mixed Western		33 @	34
Hay—Med. to prime		85 @	90
Straw—No. 1, Rye		70 @	75
Lard—City Steam	6 70	@ 7	40
Butter—State Creamery		25 @	26½
Dairy		18 @	24
West. Im. Creamery		16 @	19
Factory		12½ @	16
Cheese—State Factory		10 @	11¾
Skims		5 @	9½
Western		9½ @	11
Eggs—State and Penn		23 @	24
BUFFALO.			
Steers—Western	3 25	@ 3	75
Sheep—Good to Choice	3 25	@ 3	75
Lambs—Western	4 75	@ 5	35
Hogs—Good to Choice Yorks	4 70	@ 4	80
Flour—Family	4 75	@ 5	15
Wheat—No. 1		— @	85
Corn—No. 2, Mixed		48½ @	49
Oats—No. 2, Mixed		— @	30¾
Barley—State		64 @	65
BOSTON.			
Beef—Good to choice		7¾ @	10¾
Hogs—Live		5¾ @	6
Northern Dressed		6¾ @	7¾
Pork—Ex. Prime, per bbl	17 00	@ 17	50
Flour—Spring Wheat pat's	4 70	@ 4	95
Corn—High Mixed		— @	56½
Oats—Extra White		36 @	36½
Rye—State		60 @	65
WATERTOWN (MASS.) CATTLE MARKET.			
Beef—Dressed weight		7 @	7¾
Sheep—Live weight		3½ @	4½
Lambs		5 @	5½
Hogs—Northern		— @	6
PHILADELPHIA.			
Flour—Penn. extra family	3 50	@ 3	75
Wheat—No. 2, Red		82¼ @	82¼
Corn—State Yellow		51 @	51¾
Oats Mixed		— @	32
Rye—State		52½ @	53
Butter—Creamery Extra		25 @	26
Cheese—N. Y. Full Cream		11¾ @	12

BLOWN TO PIECES.

Explosion of a Giant Powder Magazine in New Jersey.

Four Men Killed and the Building Completely Demolished.

Nearly 1,000 pounds of forcite, an explosive something like dynamite, stored away in the cartridge room of the American Forcite Powder Company at McCainsville, near Lake Hopatcong, N. J., went off a few days since, killing four persons and blowing the whole building to bits. The men who were killed were workmen engaged in packing away cartridges. They are Henry Todd, John Fancher, Frederick McDede and Philip Myers, all married. The cause of the explosion is unknown, as none of those who were in the building are alive. The superintendent had left the building only a moment before the explosion. The works of the company were close to the lake and near the station of that name, and were erected only a few months ago after the explosion of July 7, 1886, when ten men were killed and property worth thousands of dollars was destroyed. When the company rebuilt its factory it scattered the buildings over more territory, so that if one blew up the rest would not necessarily go up with it.

Every object in the vicinity of the cartridge building is utterly demolished, and a great hole in the ground ten feet deep is all there is to show that the building ever existed. The ground was literally strewn with fine bronzed splinters, and nothing was left of the four men who were in the building but little pieces of charred flesh scattered here and there for hundreds of yards around. The explosion shook the whole surrounding country, and people ran out of their houses miles away in the belief that there had been an earthquake.

The American Forcite Company's works at Hopatcong are extensive, consisting of over fifty buildings, scattered over 450 acres of ground. The works employ, when run to their full capacity, about 150 men, and produce daily 20,000 pounds of forcite. For the last month, however, they have only been running at about one-third of their capacity, the daily product being about six thousand pounds of powder. At the time of the explosion there were only about fifty men employed. Only a small amount of forcite is kept stored at the works, the greater part of it being sent away as soon as manufactured. The magazines in which the forcite that is kept on hand is stored are situated a mile and a half or two miles from the mills.

The engine which furnished the power for the exploded packing house was hurled into the air a considerable distance, and in its descent it crashed through the roof of the nitro-glycerine separating house, about 150 feet distant. It caused no explosion. Superintendent Nibelins was in this building, and he had a narrow escape. He was struck by a piece of flying timber, but was not seriously hurt. Some men at work in the glycerine washing house, about sixty feet distant, were knocked senseless by the shock, and one end of the building was shattered. John Rogers and Alonzo Love, who worked in another packing house, were slightly hurt about the head.

This part of Morris county has become one of the greatest powder manufacturing centers in the country, and within a year and a half twenty men have lost their lives in explosions at the different works.

THE LABOR WORLD.

THE Brotherhood of Carpenters transacts its business in six different languages.

ENGLISH workmen are arriving in New York in large numbers, seeking shop and factory employment.

ALL difficulties with the strikers on the sugar plantations in Louisiana have been adjusted, and they resumed work yesterday.

FROM general reports there will be a concerted movement throughout the United States next spring to shorten hours of labor.

THE machinery molders in the Knights of Labor will hold a Convention at Cleveland, on December 8 to form a National Trades District.

BY the report of the Inspectors of Mines of Great Britain, just issued, it appears that 519,970 persons are employed in and about coal mines. There were 963 persons killed, and the production of coal is put at 157,518,482 tons.

MASTER WORKMAN DODD, of District Assembly 51, Knights of Labor, Newark, says that the strike of the leather workers begun in August last had resulted in a dismal failure. Three hundred and fifty men are still out of work.

THE machinists throughout the country were never busier than at present. All of the larger shops in New York and New Jersey are sold up from one to three months. Skilled labor is wanted, and some is coming from England, but the bulk of it is from native sources, where the education and training are better adapted to the requirements.

THERE have been 138 mills and wood-work factories established during the past three months in the South. The total number for the year is 562. During the past two years the number of mills erected foots up 750. If the average daily capacity of these mills be 15,000 feet, counting a run of 200 days per year, the total annual production of lumber in the Southern States must reach 2,250,000,000 feet.

A LARGE quantity of old silver was recently found in a cistern at Charleston, S. C. It was probably hidden there during the war, and the owner subsequently killed before having time to reveal the secret. "I have no doubt," said a citizen of Charleston to a local reporter, "that much gold and silver is buried all over the South under just such circumstances." And to support the plausibility of his statement he told how he had saved his family silver. He was in the army, as of course was every other man in Charleston who was capable of shouldering a musket, and was at home on a short furlough just before the evacuation of the city. Seeing that the city could not hold out long he determined to make an effort to save his family silver. He built, himself, a strong box out of pine, in which he packed all his valuables and then secured the box with several iron bands. Next he purchased a plain coffin and placed the box in it so arranged that it could not move. The coffin was then screwed down securely and taken to the Northwestern Railroad depot. At that time it was a common thing to meet people on the trains in charge of the bodies of relatives who had either died in camp, on the battlefield, or in the hospital. He had some difficulty in getting transportation, as the trains were all crowded, but finally got the coffin on a flat car. It was marked "head and foot," as was usual at that time. In reply to the objection of the railroad authorities that there was no room for the supposed corpse save on a platform car, where it would be exposed, he replied that that would be of no consequence; it was important to get the coffin to Monck's Corner at once so that it might be buried. The train finally reached Monck's Corner. He secured a wagon and two negroes helped him to take the casket to the grave-yard, where it was buried. No one knew the place of burial save himself and those who assisted at the burial, and these latter thought they were burying a corpse. After having done this the gentleman returned to duty and served until the surrender. Had he been killed the silver would probably have remained buried to this day. After the return of peace he went to Monck's Corner and disinterred his valuable coffin, and so saved his silver.

PHŒNICIA was at the pinnacle of power between the years 2000 and 750 B. C., and its people were the instructors and civilizers of the whole Western world.

LOST ON THE LAKE.

A Propeller Goes Down in Lake Michigan With Many People.

The propeller Vernon, of the Northern Michigan Line, foundered during a terrible gale which raged on Lake Michigan, and of her entire crew and list of passengers, numbering over thirty, and probably close on to fifty, only one man escaped. No greater loss of life has occurred on any one wreck on the lakes this season.

The first news of the disaster came to Chicago in a dispatch from Milwaukee, where the steamer Superior had arrived. The Superior had passed not only large quantities of wreckage, but had passed, unable to succor, a raft and a small boat in which persons appealing in vain for help were seen.

"To pass one man on a raft appealing for our help, another dying from exposure, and a small boat in which we could see one woman and three men, one of the latter hailing, with a coat stuck up on his oar, all being tossed about in a terrible sea without our being able to render them any assistance, was heartrending in the extreme," said Captain Moran, of the Superior, in telling his story. "We were also fighting for our lives, our steamer having become disabled in the sea," said the Captain, "and it was three hours before we had made repairs so that we could handle ourselves, and then we were out of sight of the shipwrecked men. It was about 10 o'clock this morning when off Two Rivers, some miles out in Lake Michigan, that we passed through some lumber. Five miles further on we passed a lot of barrels, and then encountered wreckage for some distance. Among it was furniture and bed-clothing besides life preservers here and there. When about six miles east-northeast of Manitowoc a lookout called me on deck with the information that a raft could be seen with a man on it. As I went on deck I could plainly see the man waving his hand to us. He was standing upright on the raft, which was about half a mile between us and the shore, and the sea was washing over it. It appeared about twelve feet square and as if it might be the top of a cabin."

Ten minutes later we sighted another raft, also about a half mile inside of us. It was much smaller, apparently not more than 4 by 8 feet, and looked like a piece of bulwarks. On it was lying a man who, although still alive, probably did not discern us, as he was too far gone. We could see him dip his head, and his frail little boat was tossed about in the sea as though he was about dead. We saw a yawl with three men and one woman in it a little further south. There may, however, have been more of them lying down in the boat, the three we saw being on the seats. One of the men was standing up holding his oar with his coat swinging on it to attract attention. Their hearts must have been gladdened in their expectation of help from us. How inhuman they must have thought us when we passed them by, and within a mile, too, without even turning our vessel toward them! But with our steering gear, disabled as it was, we could not steer our vessel, and there was nothing for us to do but hope that some of the vessels coming up the lake astern of us might discover them and pick them up."

Captain Williams, of the schooner Joseph Paige, told a similar story. His vessel had passed through the wreckage a little later than the Superior. "We encountered a part of a yawl," said Captain Williams, "and there was a man on it. He was off our port quarter about half a mile and was clinging to the pilothouse. He seemed to be getting along fairly well under the circumstances. The sea was running so high that it lifted our boat from the davits. Had we discovered the man on top of the pilothouse before we got abreast we might have picked him up, but we saw him too late, and it was impossible to turn back in the terrible gale of wind that was blowing."

Probably not less than 30 and perhaps 60 lives were lost with the steamer. The exact number may never be known. Only one list of the passengers and crew was kept, and that was aboard of the Vernon. The managers of the line say that the crew numbered between twenty-three and twenty-five, and they know the names of only eight. Wheelmen, firemen, and deck hands are changed so frequently that no effort is made to keep a list of them.

A later report states that one man—a member of the crew—was picked up alive on a raft.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

SIR ARTHUR SULLIVAN is at work on a grand opera—"Mary Stuart."

NEWS is received that Remenyi, the noted violinist, has been drowned in a shipwreck off the coast of Madagascar.

THE National Opera Company this season will visit the principal cities of the Union, beginning at Philadelphia.

THE London theatre is built of fire-proof material; it has an iron curtain, and electricity is used instead of gas.

MARY ANDERSON will return to America next year, and will open in New York October 1, 1888, under Mr. Abbey's management.

MME. PONISI, of New York, has just completed her fiftieth year of theatrical life. She first appeared on the stage in 1837, at Yorkshire, England.

MR. P. S. GILMORE, who has provided music for three years at the St. Louis Exposition, has contracted to take his oachestra there another season.

ONE of the wealthy American actors is Oliver Doud Byron, who is reported to be worth half a million. He owns a solid block of houses in Cleveland.

MISS ETHEL SPRAGUE, daughter of Mrs. Kate Chase Sprague, who will soon begin her dramatic career, is a handsome woman just eighteen years of age.

THE clown has been gradually fading out as a circus attraction, until now the proprietor of "one of the big shows" announces his intention to drop him entirely from the programme next season.

MISS ARNOLDSEN, the Swedish star, has captured the hearts of the people of Bergen, Norway, by a series of concerts there, and impressed the fishermen of the place so strongly that they sent her a whale as a present.

AN orchestra of women, who are all players of brass instruments, is making a sensation in Dresden. The ladies have an engagement for Vienna next winter, where they will play at a series of balls among the aristocracy.

NEGOTIATIONS have been almost completed by which Signor Marconi, one of the three great tenors now delighting Europe and reducing the South American republics to poverty, will in all probability visit the United States in the early spring.

FEW people know that Dr. George F. Root, who is living in Hyde Park, Ill., at the age of seventy years, composed many of the Northern war songs of twenty-five years ago. "Tramp! Tramp! Tramp! the boys are Marching," and "Rally Round the Flag, Boys," are his.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

THE Duchess of Sutherland is an enthusiastic collector of bird's eggs.

EVANGELIST MOODY is about to begin revival meetings in Louisville, Ky.

EX-SENATOR JONES, of Florida, is still in Detroit, and is suffering from brain trouble.

GENERAL SIMON CAMERON has a steer that weighs 2,100 pounds, and measures over eight feet around the body.

THE richest clergyman in the Unitarian church is said to be the Rev. Dr. C. A. Bartol, of Boston, Massachusetts.

THE Rev. C. H. Spurgeon is said to have declined an offer of $90,000 for one hundred lectures, to be delivered in this country.

SEVEN United States Senators visited Europe the past summer: Palmer, Stockbridge, Hale, Frye, Spooner, Aldrich and Hawley.

TWO sons of Charles Dickens, Alfred Tennyson and Edward Bulwer Lytton Dickens, are settled as real estate agents and brokers in Australia.

SECRETARY BAYARD is reported to be engaged to Miss Sophie D. Markoe, a lady about forty years old, and an employe of the State Department, at Washington.

THE names of Abraham Lincoln and Grover Cleveland are on documents relating to the transfers of a certain piece of land in Fairmont, Ill. Lincoln's signature was written in 1856 and Cleveland's in 1879.

JOHN R. STETSON, a Philadelphia hatmaker, employs 800 men, women and children, and has a Sunday-school of 1,600 scholars in connection with his factory. The chapel where the school meets cost $40,000.

AMID a brilliant display of diamonds at the Rothschild wedding, in Paris, lately, the Grand Rabbi of India outdazzled every one else present with about a half pint of first-water gems that he had stuck about his turban.

REV. CHARLES A. BERRY, a young English minister, preached in Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, recently, and made a very favorable impression. It is believed he will be chosen as the successor of Henry Ward Beecher.

REAR-ADMIRAL WORDEN, Commander of the Monitor in the fight with the Merrimac, is living in Washington. He is seventy years of age, but looks younger. The wound he received at the Monitor and Merrimac battle not only impaired his sight, but has left him always subject to severe headaches. He was retired from the navy in 1886 on full pay, and is thus in receipt of $6,000 a year.

KILLED HIS FAMILY.

The Awful Crime of a Weaver in Connecticut.

Shooting His Wife and Burning His Two Children to Death.

John Hodel, a silk weaver of Turnerville, Conn., shot and killed his wife, and, setting fire to his house, smothered his two children, Wednesday morning. The people of the village observed smoke escaping from the roof of the house and went in to put out the blaze. They discovered that Mrs. Hodel had been tied to a bed and shot and that the husband, who was probably the murderer, had fled. While the posse went out to hunt for Hodel the people suddenly remembered that the two children had not been seen. On going to their room, the little ones were discovered in bed. One of the boys lived a short time, the other had been smothered.

The excitement in the village as soon as these facts became known was intense, and the indignation of the citizens found vent in threats to lynch the inhuman wretch. The man was finally found by the town Constable and placed under arrest. He cannot talk English, but through an interpreter said that he and his wife made an agreement by which he was to kill her and the boys and then kill himself. He said that he had tied his wife in the bedroom and then shot her, and had afterwards set fire to the house to burn up the boys. He would have killed himself, but he broke the gun. Hodel and his wife quarreled over a cow a few weeks ago, and the neighbors say they have heard them quarreling frequently since. Hodel had been drunk for several days. He was committed to the Tolland County Jail to await the action of the Grand Jury.

Hodel is thirty-five years of age. His wife was about the same age, and the two boys, Jacob and Adolph, were three and six, respectively. He has not been in this country very long, and says that he had just sent $20 to his father in Switzerland to repay money borrowed for passage to this country. At the preliminary hearing the interpreter testified that Hodel acknowledged that he had killed his wife and admitted that he had burned the house. Hodel, however, pleaded not guilty to the charge of murder.

SHOT BY SUGAR STRIKERS.

Four White Men Shot Down By Colored Laborers in Louisiana.

The labor troubles in the Louisiana sugar district has culminated in a serious riot on the Lacassaigne plantation in Terrebonne parish. The negro laborers on the plantation struck and refused to go to work unless their demands for higher wages were granted. The white laborers, about twenty-five in number, continued at work. The manager of the plantation telegraphed to New Orleans for more hands to take the place of the strikers, and forty-five white men were employed and sent to the plantation.

The Lacassaigne place is about eight miles from the Morgan railroad and sixty miles from New Orleans. The roadside is bordered with underbrush. As the new laborers were on their way to the plantation they were attacked by the strikers ambushed along the road, and four of the new men were shot down and wounded. The others scattered, leaving the strikers in possession of the field. Appeals were made to the Governor for troops to protect those who may desire to work, and Company C, Louisiana artillery, was ordered to the scene.

More than ten thousand negro laborers were on strike. The white men working on the sugar plantations, holding that the demands were unjust, refused to join them.

MISS MIDDIE MORGAN, the live-stock reporter, has been building a house on Staten Island for the last five years, and it is still unfinished. Nothing could be more eccentric than this brick structure. There are iron bars at all the first-story windows, and the largest room in the house is given over to a plunge bath. If the place is ever finished Miss Morgan expects to live there with her sister Jane, who is an artist.

J. J. RANDALL, in cutting into a large oak tree a few days ago in Carnesville, Ga., found an oak pin six feet in length and an inch or more in diameter that had been grown over eight or ten inches. At the end of the pin, near the heart of the tree, was a lock of cotton and some human hair. Part of the cotton looked like it had been saturated with blood.

"Consumption Cure"

would be a truthful name to give to Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery," the most efficacious medicine yet discovered for arresting the early development of pulmonary disease. But "consumption cure" would not sufficiently indicate the scope of its influence and usefulness. In all the many diseases which spring from a derangement of the liver and blood the "Discovery" is a safe and sure specific. Of all druggists.

Most of the shadows that cross our path through life are caused by standing in our own light.

Woman and Her Diseases

is the title of a large illustrated treatise, by Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., sent to any address for ten cents in stamps. It teaches successful self-treatment.

TRUE friends visit us in prosperity only when invited, but in adversity they come without intation.

How often is the light of the household clouded by signs of melancholy or irritability on the part of the ladies. Yet they are not to be blamed, for they are the result of ailments peculiar to that sex, which men know not of. But the cause may be removed and joy restored by the use of Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription," which, as a tonic and nervine for debilitated women, is certain, safe and pleasant. It is beyond all compare the great healer of women.

THE heaviest of all burdens is a heavy heart.

ITCHING PILES.—*Symptoms*—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in many cases removes the tumors. It is equally efficacious in curing all Skin Diseases. DR. SWAYNE & SON, Proprietors, Phila. By mail for 50 cents. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT for sale by druggists.

The success of some of the agents employed by B. F. Johnson & Co., Richmond, Va., is truly marvellous. It is not an unusual thing for their agents to make as high as $20 and $30 a day, and sometimes their profits run up as high as $40 and $50—even more. But we hesitate to tell you the whole truth, or you will scarcely believe we are in earnest. Write them and see for yourself what they will do for you.

Consumption Surely Cured.

To the Editor:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. address. Respectfully,
T. A. SLOCUM, M.C., 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

Offer No. 170.

FREE!—To MERCHANTS ONLY: A three-foot French glass, oval front Show Case. Address at once, R. W. TANSILL & CO., 55 State St., Chicago.

'ROYAL GLUE' mends anything! Broken China, Glass, Wood. Free Vials at Drugs & Gro

Catarrh

May affect any portion of the body where the mucous membrane is found. But catarrh of the head is by far the most common, and, strange to say, the most liable to be neglected. It originates in a cold, or succession of colds, combined with impure blood. The wonderful success Hood's Sarsaparilla has had in curing catarrh warrants us in urging all who suffer with this disease to try the peculiar medicine. It renovates and invigorates the blood and tones every organ.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla cured me of catarrh, soreness of the bronchial tubes and terrible headache."—R. GIBBONS, Hamilton, Ohio.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

MARVELOUS MEMORY DISCOVERY.

Wholly unlike artificial systems.
Any book learned in one reading.
Recommended by MARK TWAIN, RICHARD PROCTOR, the Scientist, Hons. W. W. ASTOR, JUDAH P. BENJAMIN, Dr. MINOR, &c. Class of 100 Columbia Law students; 200 at Meriden; 250 at Norwich; 350 at Oberlin College; two classes of 200 each at Yale; 400 at University of Penn, Phila.; 400 at Wellesley College, and three large classes at Chatauqua University, &c. Prospectus POST FREE from
PROF. LOISETTE, 237 Fifth Ave., New York.

The Hair Growing After Death.

Sitting in the office of the Comptroller of the Treasury the other day, writes a Washington correspondent to the Omaha *Herald*, were two gentlemen waiting for the preparation of some document which the bureau was just about completing. On the wall opposite hung a fine oil portrait of Salmon P. Chase, the first Comptroller, showing him as a handsome, florid-faced man, without beard and with head partially bald.

"That doesn't look much as he did a year ago," said one of them, noting the handsome portrait.

"A year ago; why, he has been dead these ten years or more, hasn't he?"

"Yes, eighteen of them. Yet I saw him only a year ago with full beard and a full head of hair, very different from the picture you see before us."

"What do you mean?"

"Simply this. I was present when his remains were taken from Oak View Cemetery for transmission to Cincinnati a year ago. Although seventeen years had elapsed the remains were still in an almost perfect state. The features were entirely distinguishable to those who knew him in life. The clothing was in a perfect state of preservation. The principle changes were that the face was dark, and instead of being smooth, as was his custom in life, it was covered with a full growth of beard, two inches or so in length, and mixed with gray. The head, which you see was bald in life, was covered with a full suit of hair, partly gray."

An Enterprising City.

"That's a fine building going up over there," remarked a stranger in a Western town. "Your's must be an enterprising city?"

"It is," replied a citizen with conscious pride; "we are full of it."

"What is that building, a hotel?"

"No, that's the new jail."—*Epoch.*

Mushroom poisoning is believed to be due in many cases to faulty methods of cooking.

KIDDER'S DIGESTYLIN

A SURE CURE FOR
INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA.

Over 5,000 Physicians have sent us their approval of DIGESTYLIN, saying that it is the best preparation for INDIGESTION that they have ever used.

We have never heard of a case of Dyspepsia where DIGESTYLIN was taken that was not cured.

FOR CHOLERA INFANTUM.

IT WILL CURE THE MOST AGGRAVATED CASES.
IT WILL STOP VOMITING IN PREGNANCY.
IT WILL RELIEVE CONSTIPATION.

For Summer Complaints and Chronic Diarrhœa, which are the direct results of imperfect digestion, DIGESTYLIN will